

ATOMIC-SCALE THEORY OF RADIATION-INDUCED PHENOMENA

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In collaboration with the rest of the MURI team



AFOSR/MURI REVIEW 2008

THEORY OBJECTIVES

- DISPLACEMENT DAMAGE
 - Defects, charging
 - electrons
- ROLE OF HYDROGEN, OXYGEN VACANCIES
- ALTERNATE DIELECTRICS
 - Interface structure, interface defects, NBTI,...
- CARRIER MOBILITIES, LEAKAGE CURRENTS

FROM ATOMIC-SCALE PHYSICS TO ENGINEERING MODELS

Atomic-scale physics:

DENSITY FUNCTIONAL THEORY

- PSEUDOPOTENTIALS, SUPERCELLS
- TOTAL ENERGY, FORCES ON ATOMS
 - Stable defect configurations
 - Bulk, interface
 - Reaction energies, activation barriers
- EVOLUTION OF SYSTEM

electrons in instantaneous ground state vs

electrons allowed to evolve freely

THEORY OBJECTIVES

- DISPLACEMENT DAMAGE

TALK BY M. BECK

- Defects, charging
- electrons

- ROLE OF HYDROGEN, OXYGEN VACANCIES

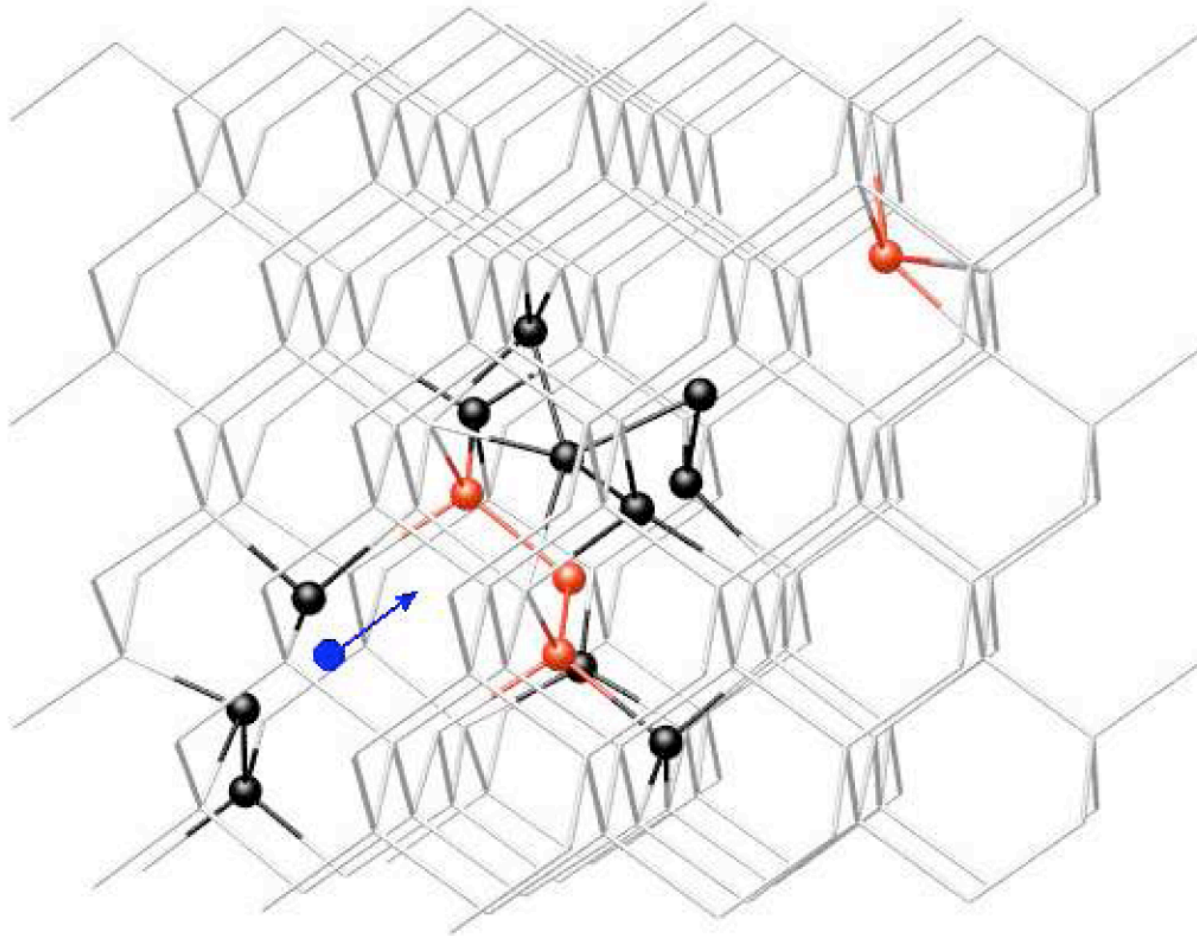
- ALTERNATE DIELECTRICS

- Interface structure, interface defects, NBTI,...

- CARRIER MOBILITIES, LEAKAGE CURRENTS

FROM ATOMIC-SCALE PHYSICS TO ENGINEERING MODELS

LAST YEAR: Displacement damage in silicon



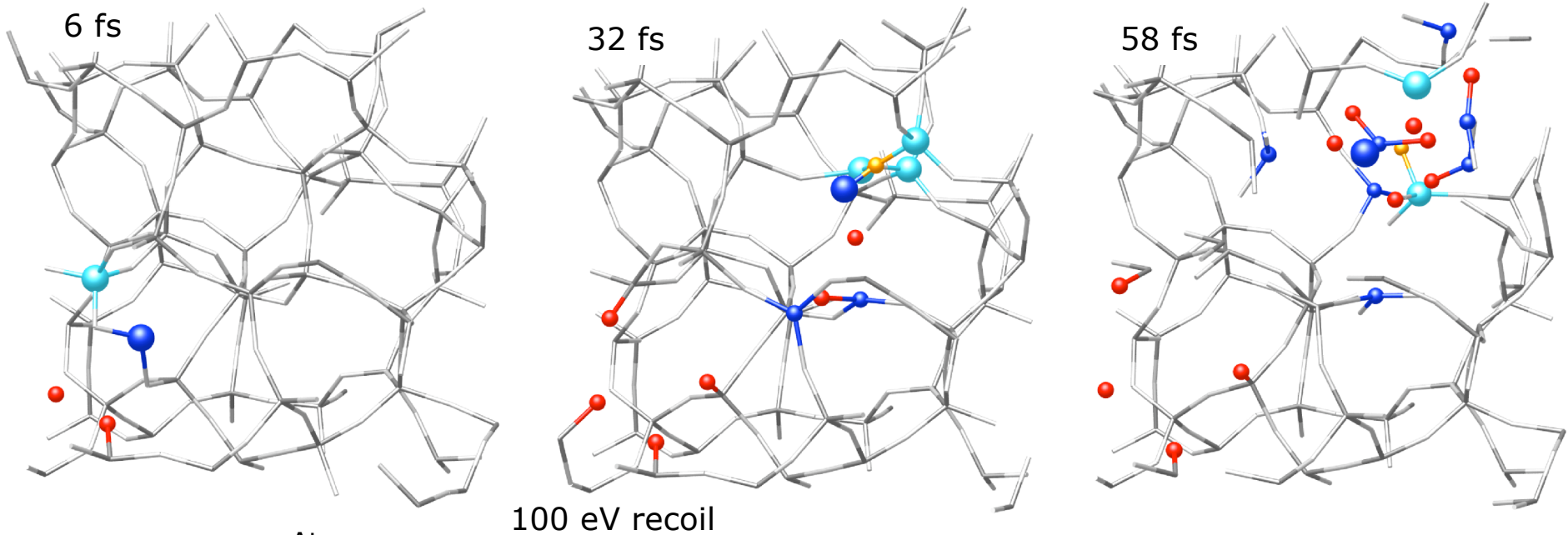
25 eV kick

Snapshot after
100 fs

Red (hot) atoms: $KE > 0.22 \text{ eV}$

Black atoms: displaced $> 0.2 \text{ \AA}$

LOW-ENERGY RECOIL DYNAMICS IN AMORPHOUS SiO₂



| Defect | Atom | |
|---------------|----------|--------|
| | Silicon | Oxygen |
| Dangling Bond | ● | ● |
| Extra Bond | ● | ● |
| "Self Bond" | Big Ball | |

Damage in amorphous material:
Network defects

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FROM ATOMIC-SCALE PHYSICS TO ENGINEERING MODELS

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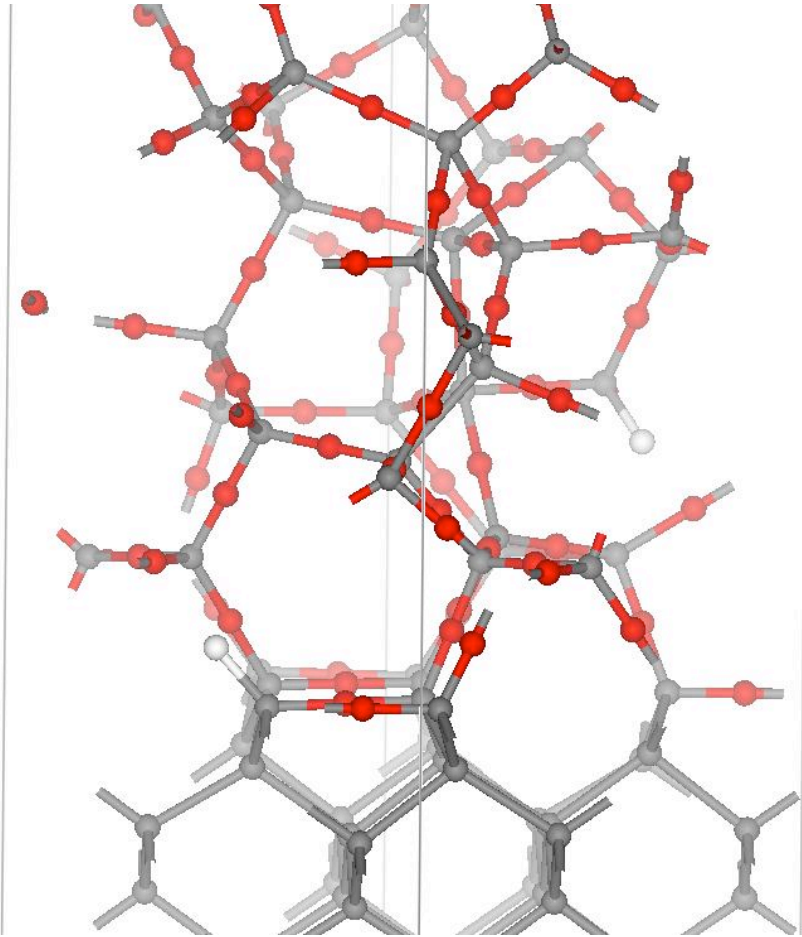
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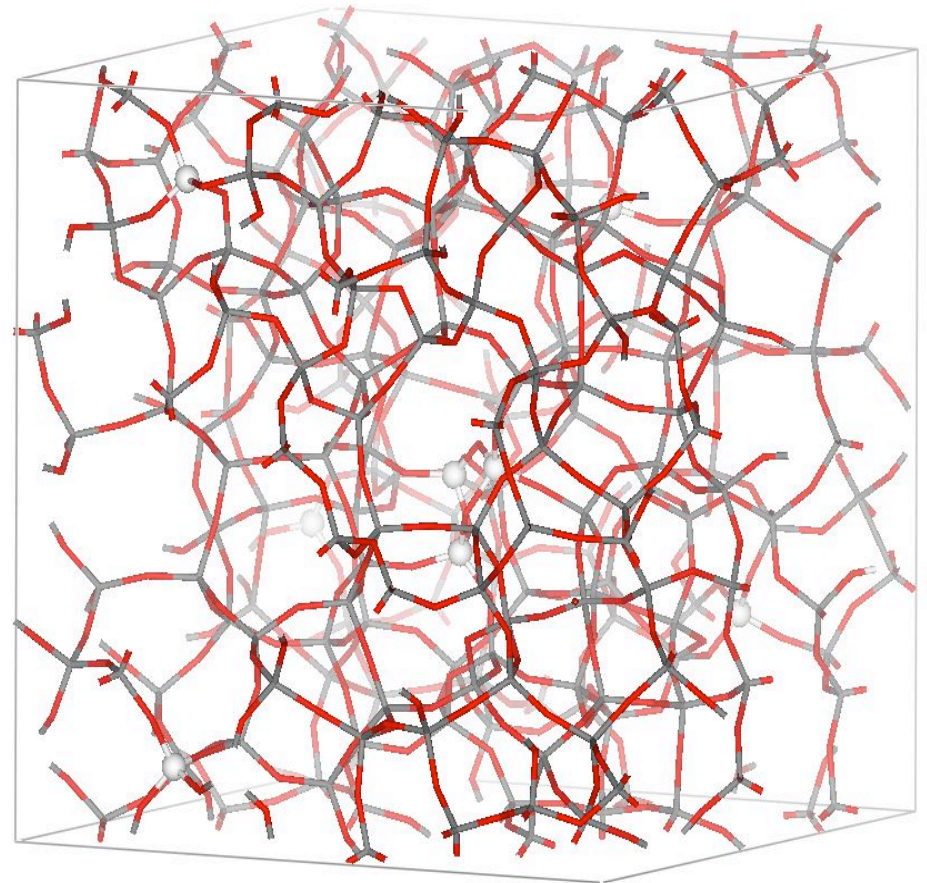
- CARRIER MOBILITIES, LEAKAGE CURRENTS

FROM ATOMIC-SCALE PHYSICS TO ENGINEERING MODELS

Amorphous Modeling

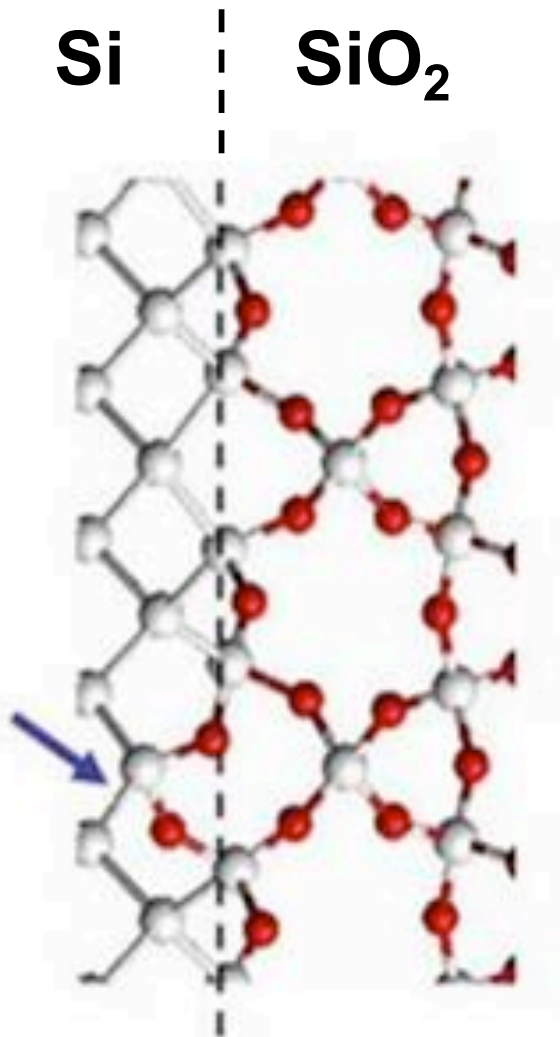


Si-SiO₂ with Si-H bonds

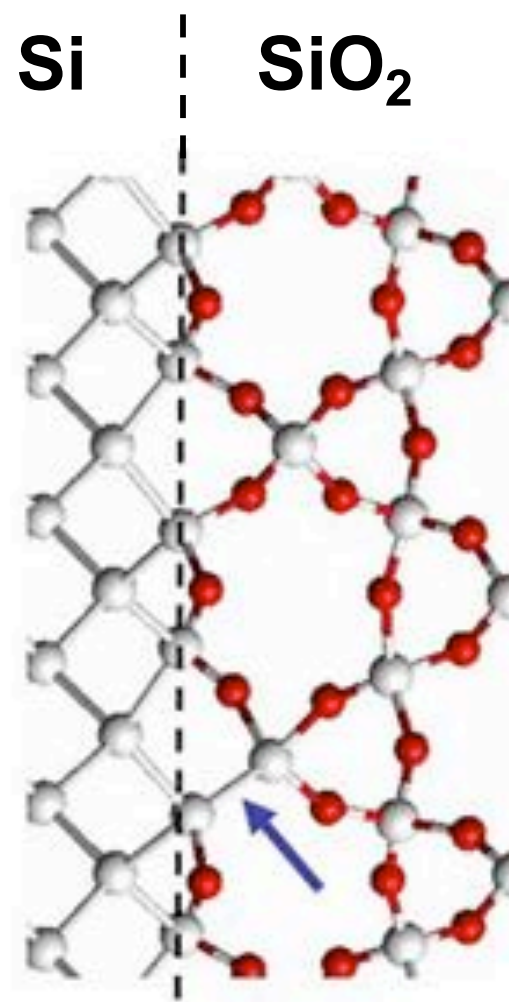


216-atom amorphous SiO₂

ATOMIC-SCALE ROUGHNESS

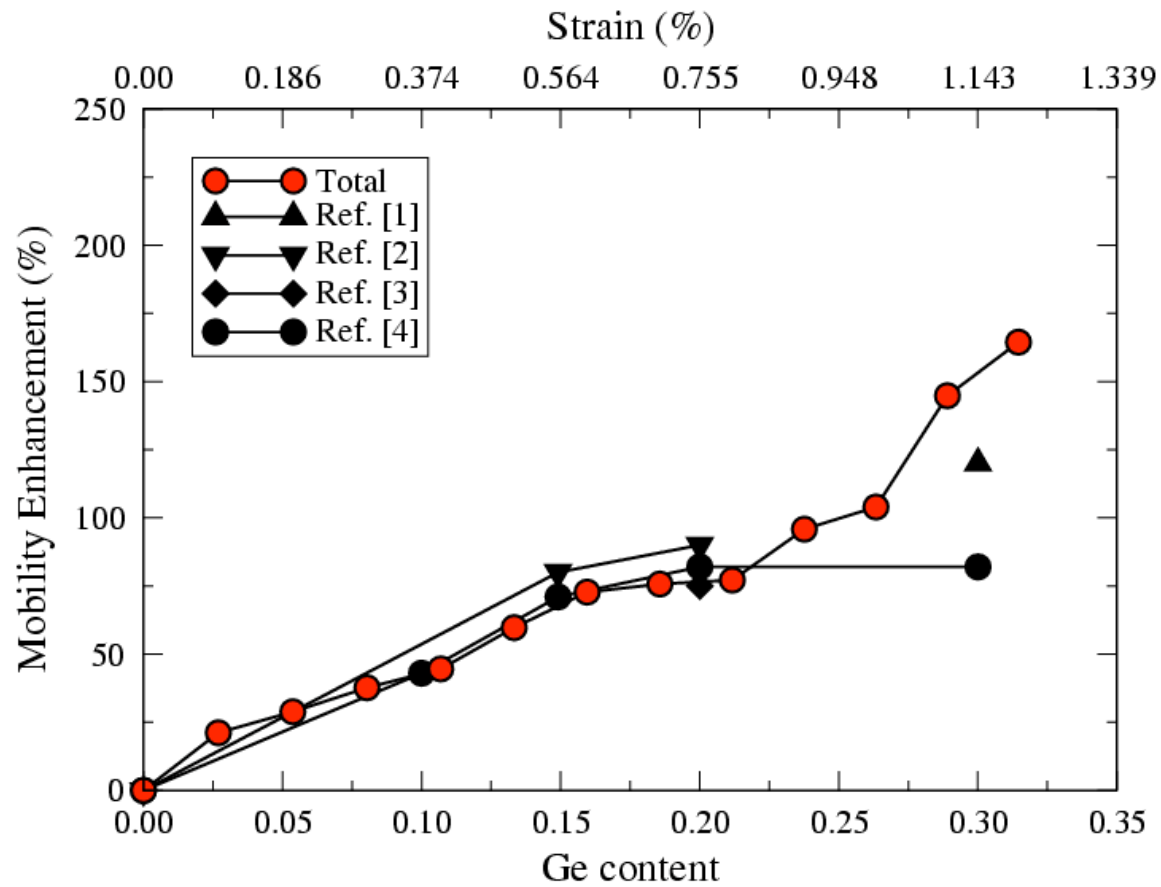


OXYGEN PROTRUSION

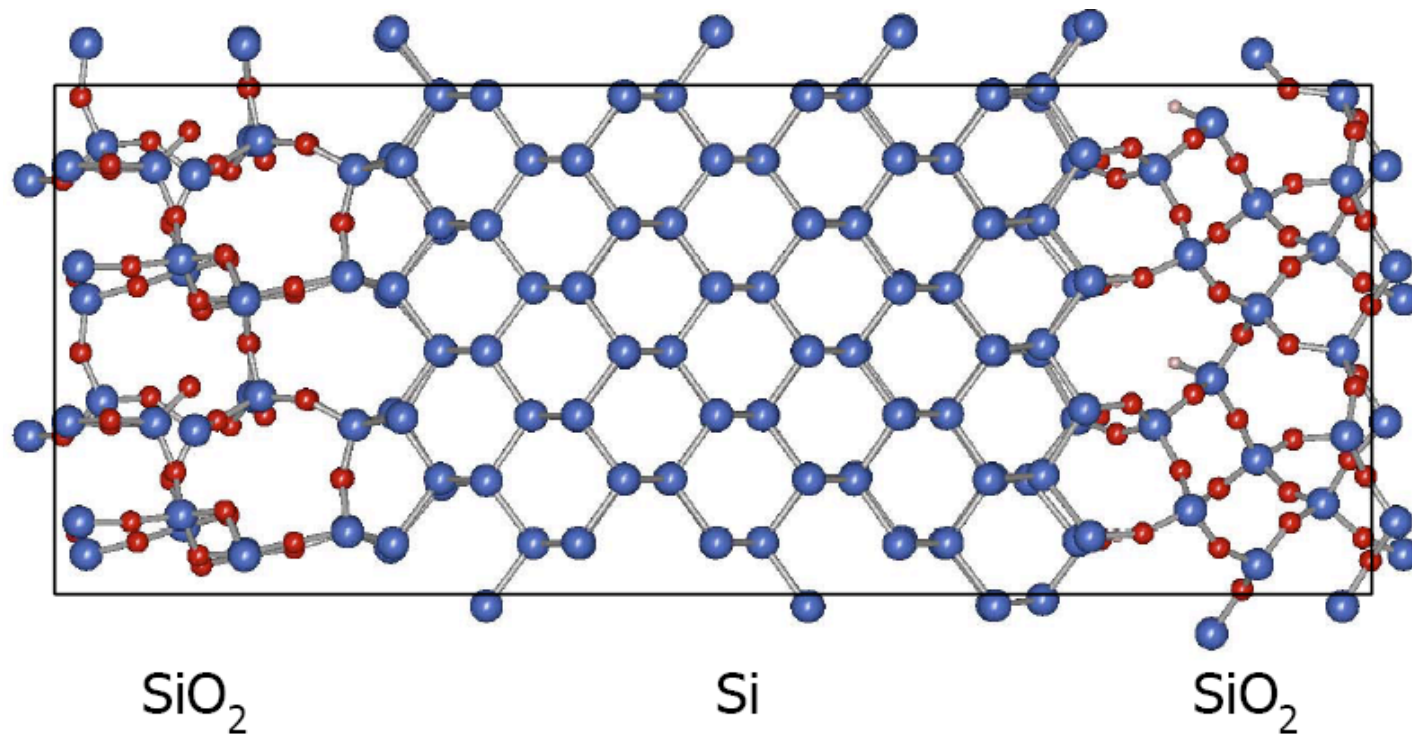


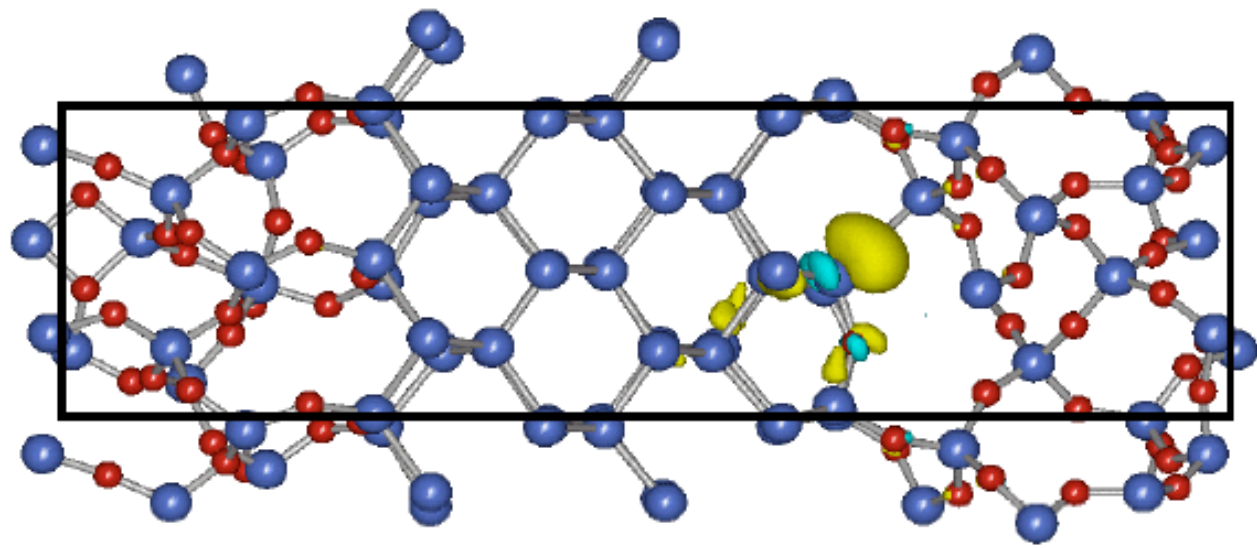
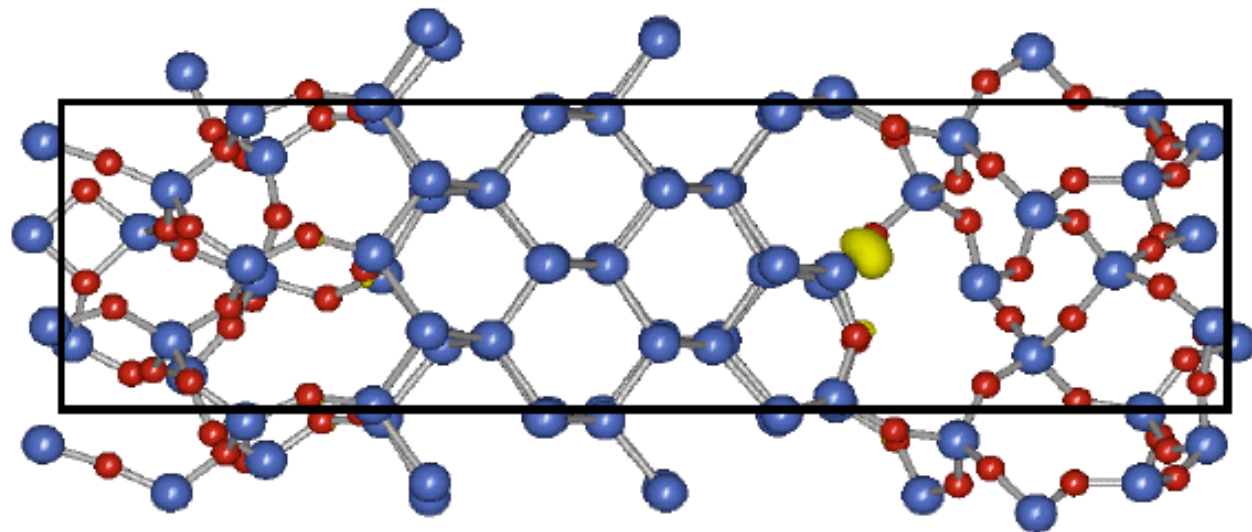
SUBOXIDE BOND

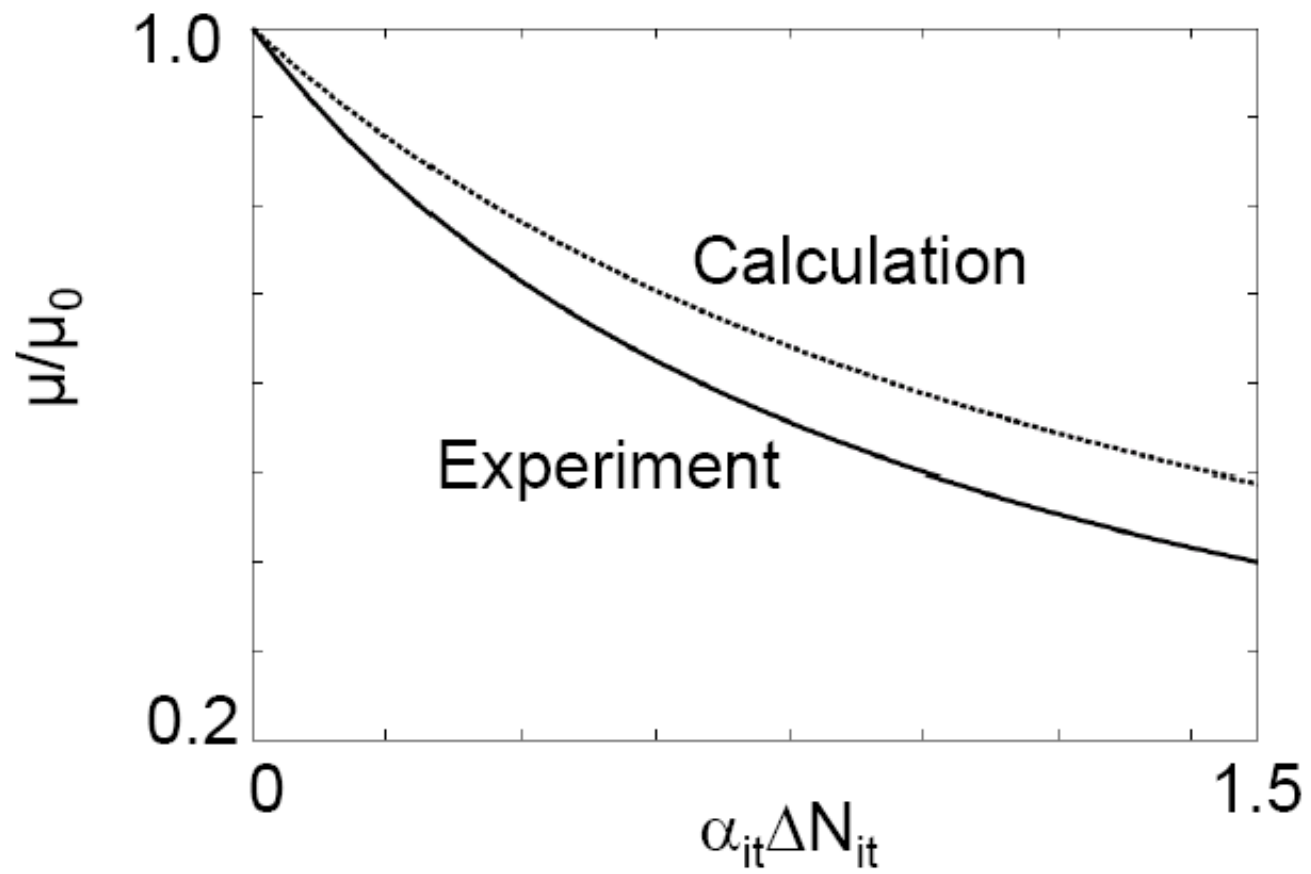
Mobility Enhancement



Data from bulk MOSFETs or SOI MOSFETs with $t > 5$ nm

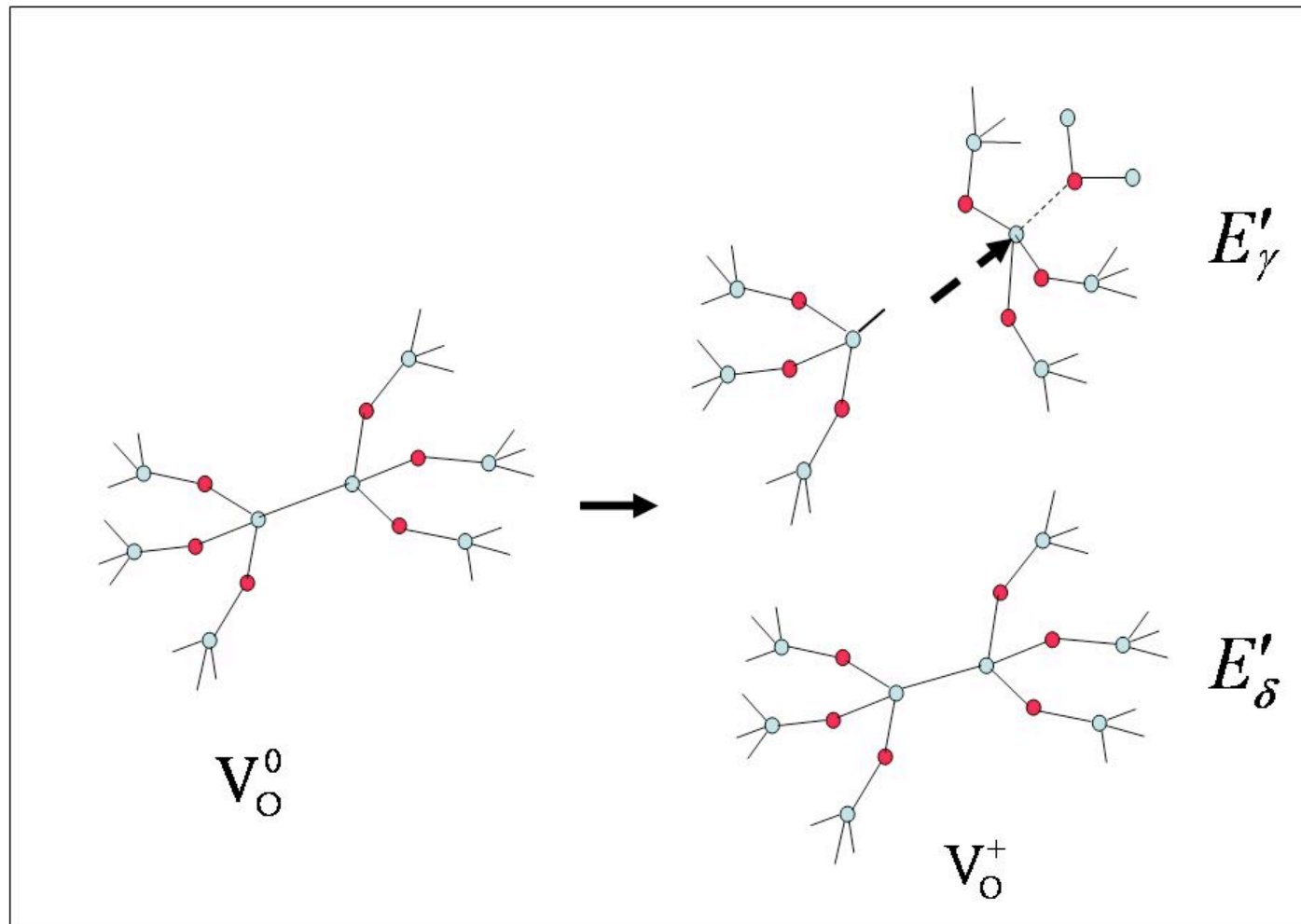


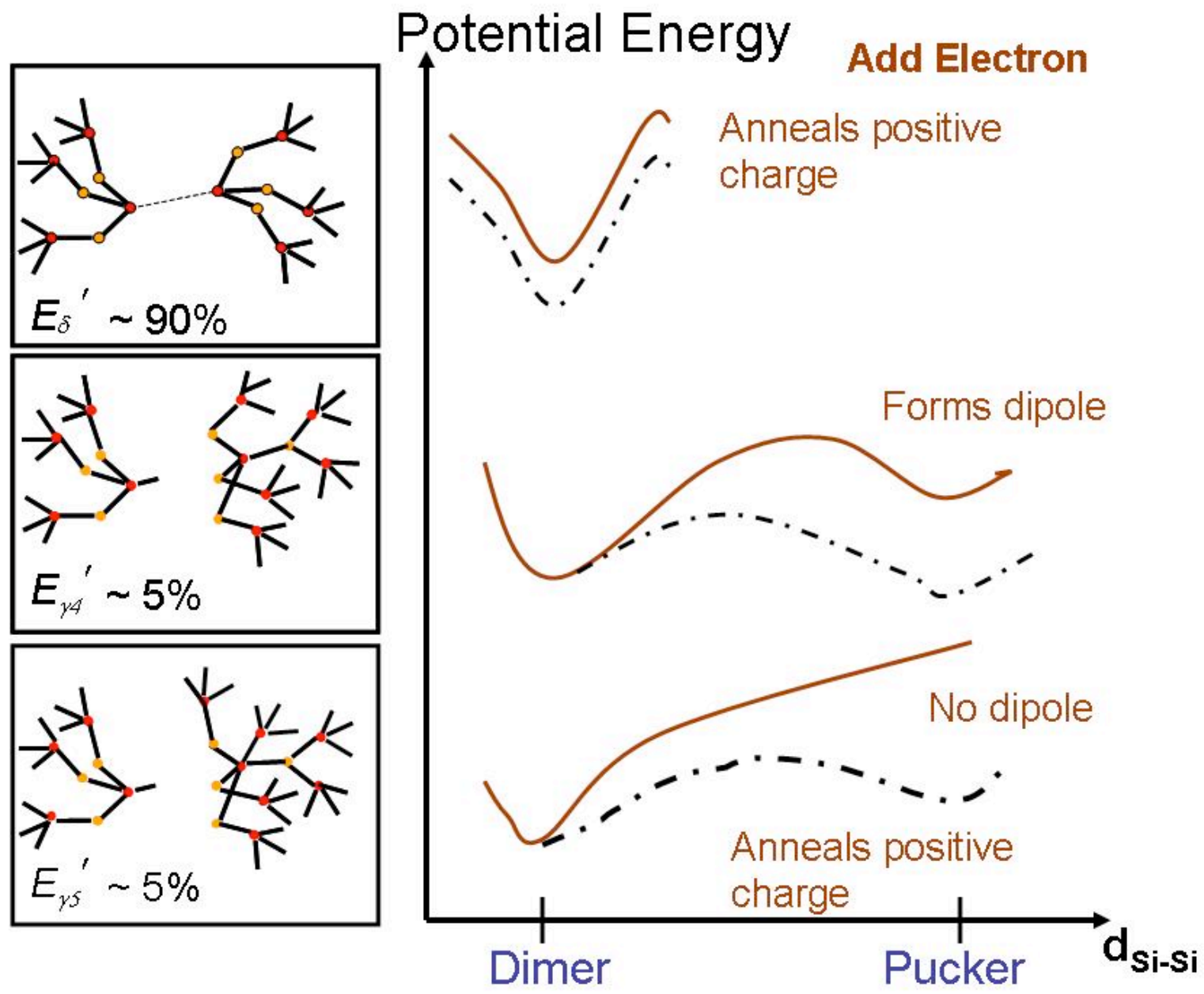




Experiment: Zupac, Galloway, and Schrimpf, 1992

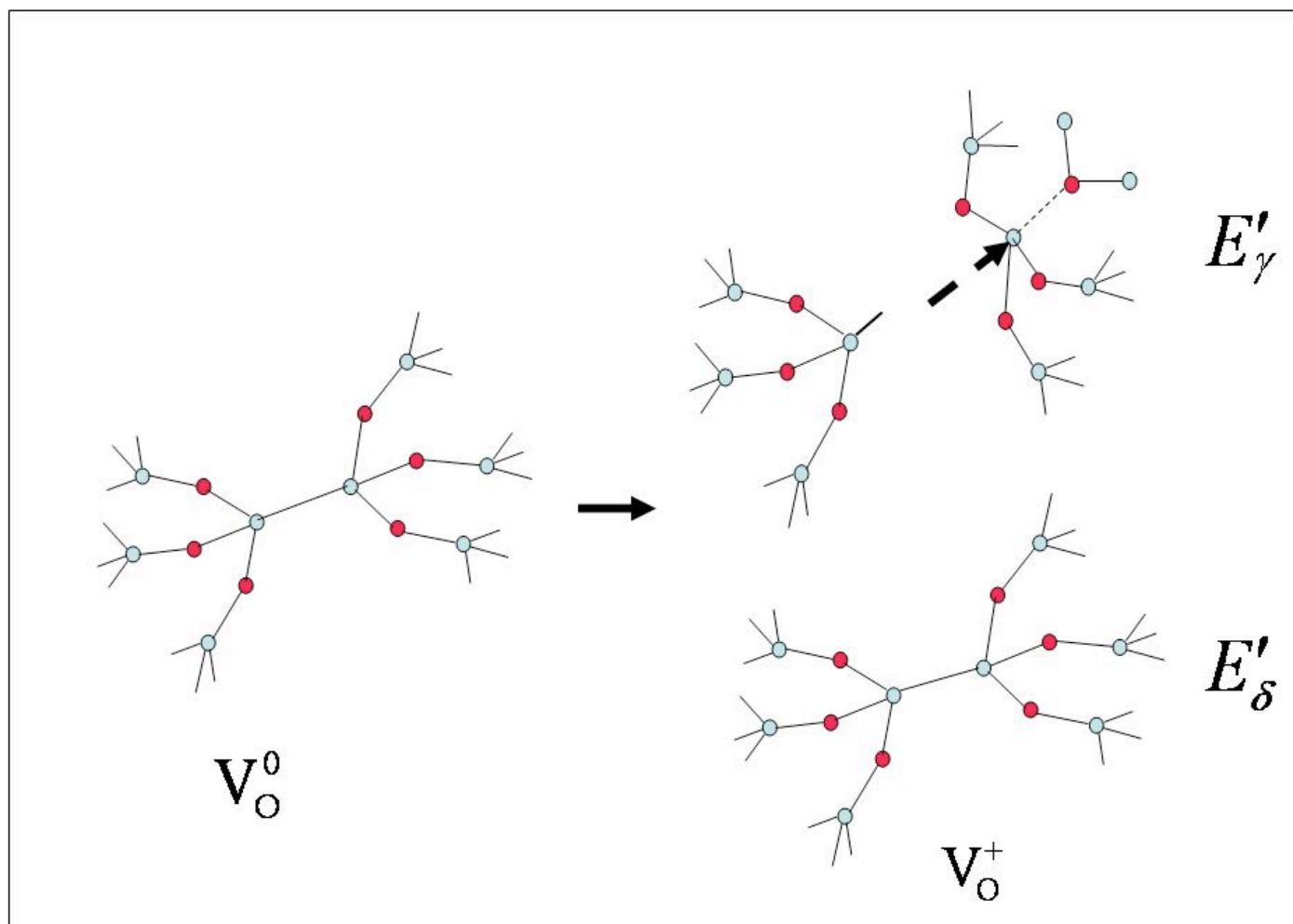
Oxygen vacancies in SiO₂





Revisit oxygen vacancies in SiO₂

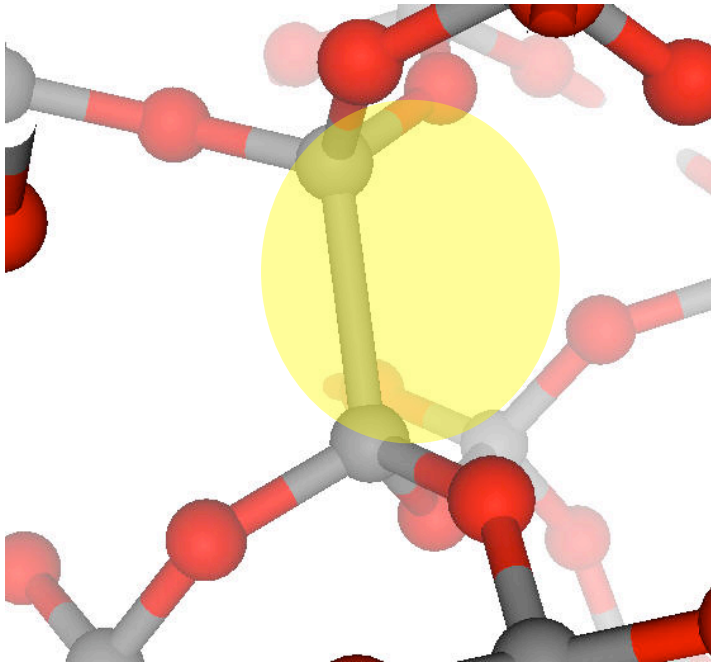
EPR



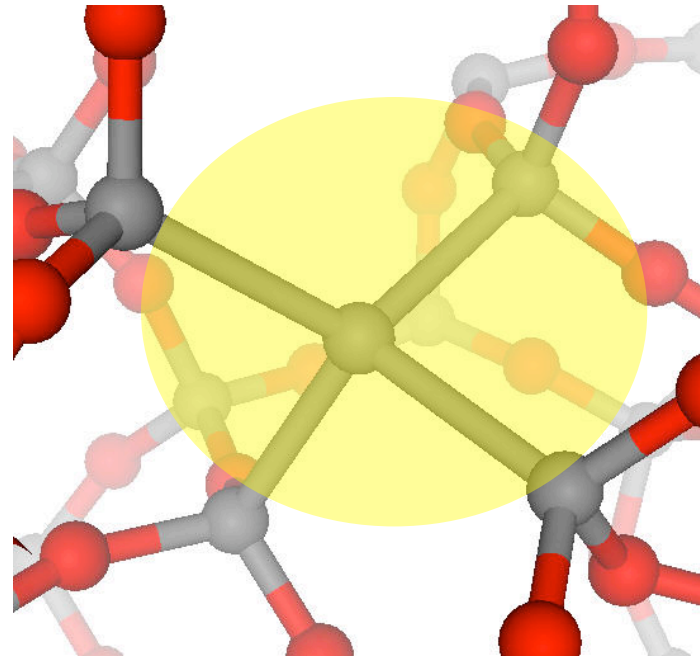
Anisotropic,
HF = 42 mT

Isotropic,
HF = 10 mT

ALTERNATIVE MODELS FOR E'_δ



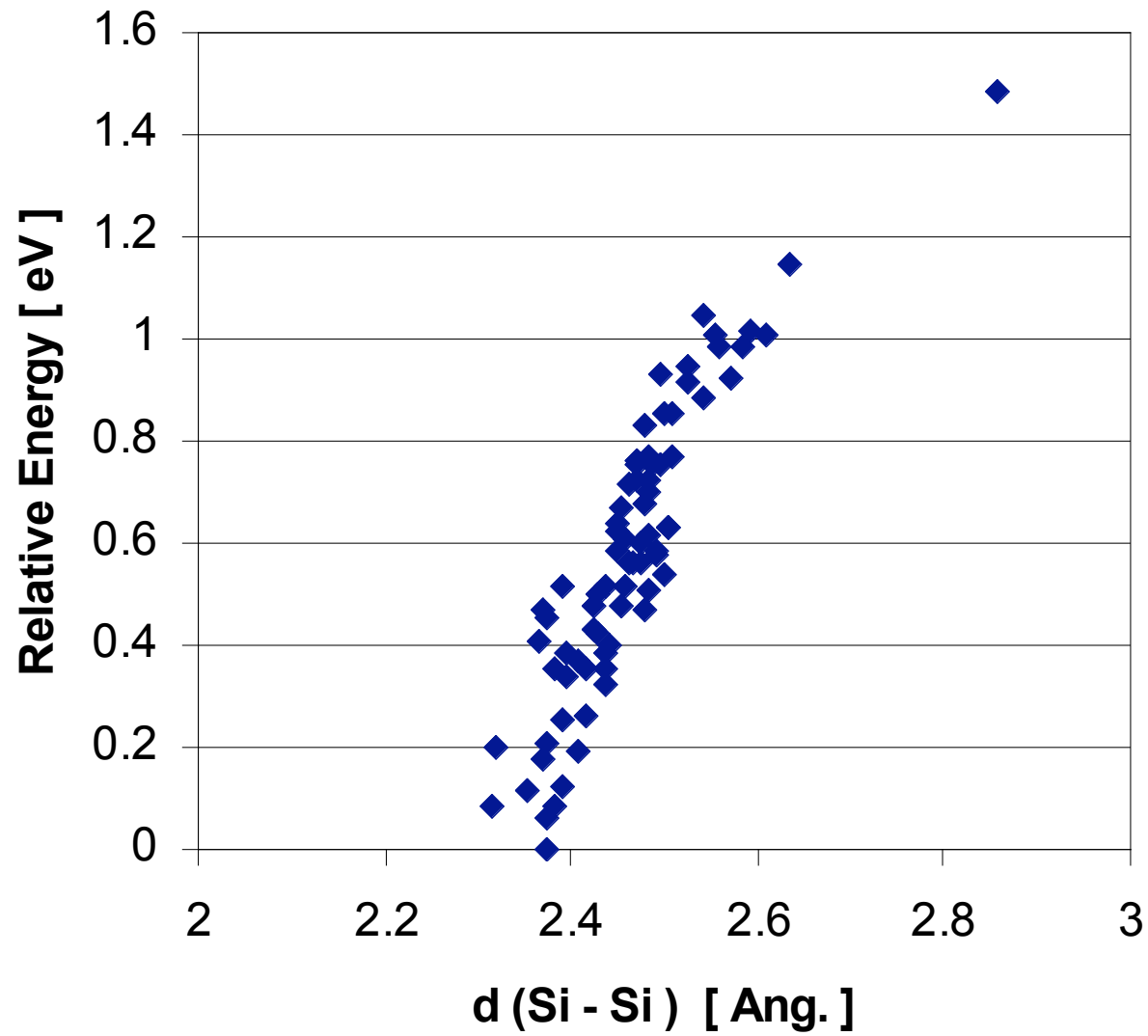
Si₂ defect



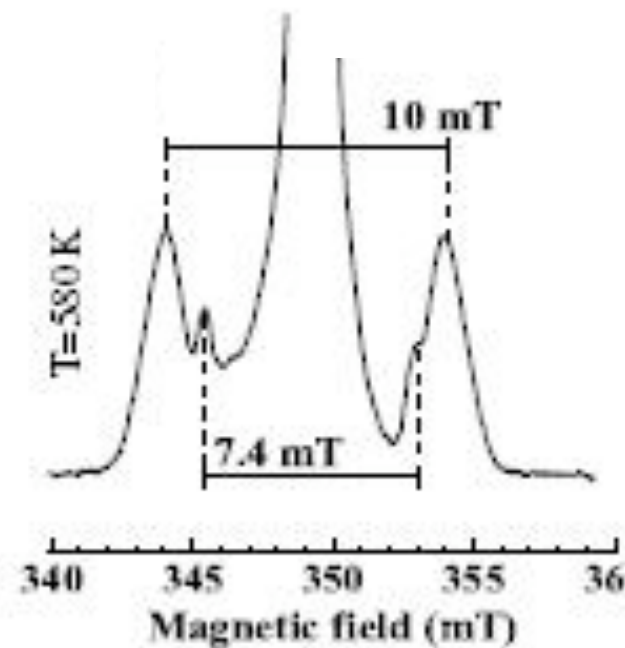
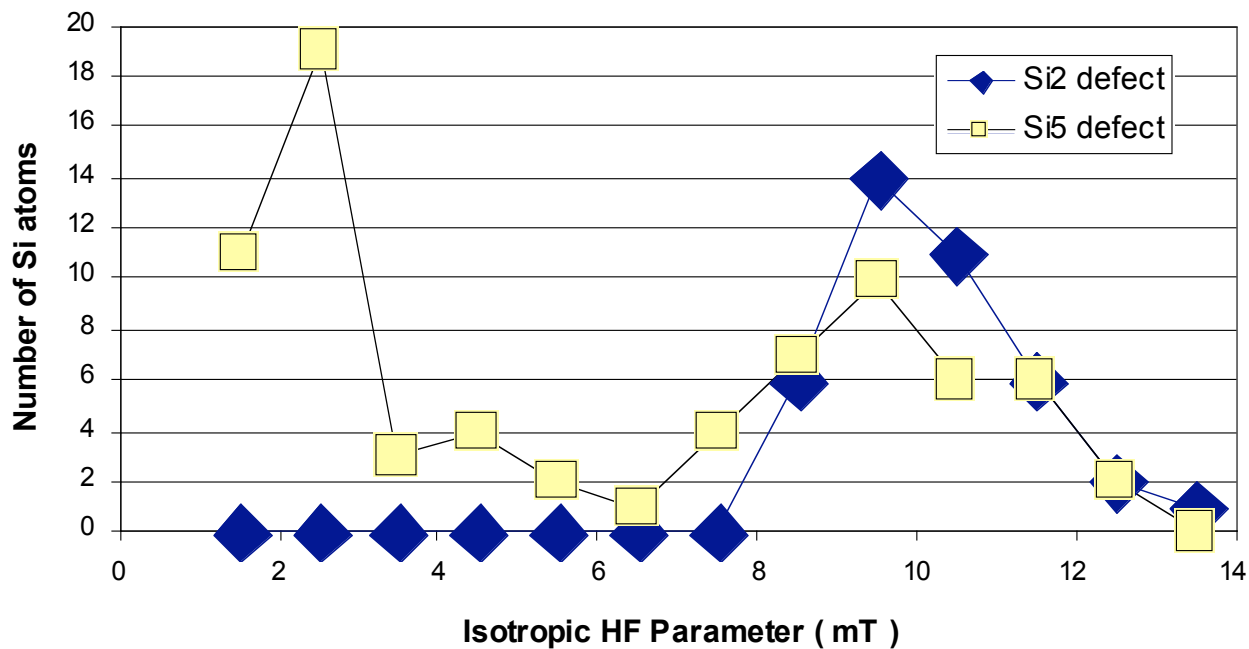
Si₅ defect

Buscarino et al. 2005, 2006

Energy vs [SiSi] bond length



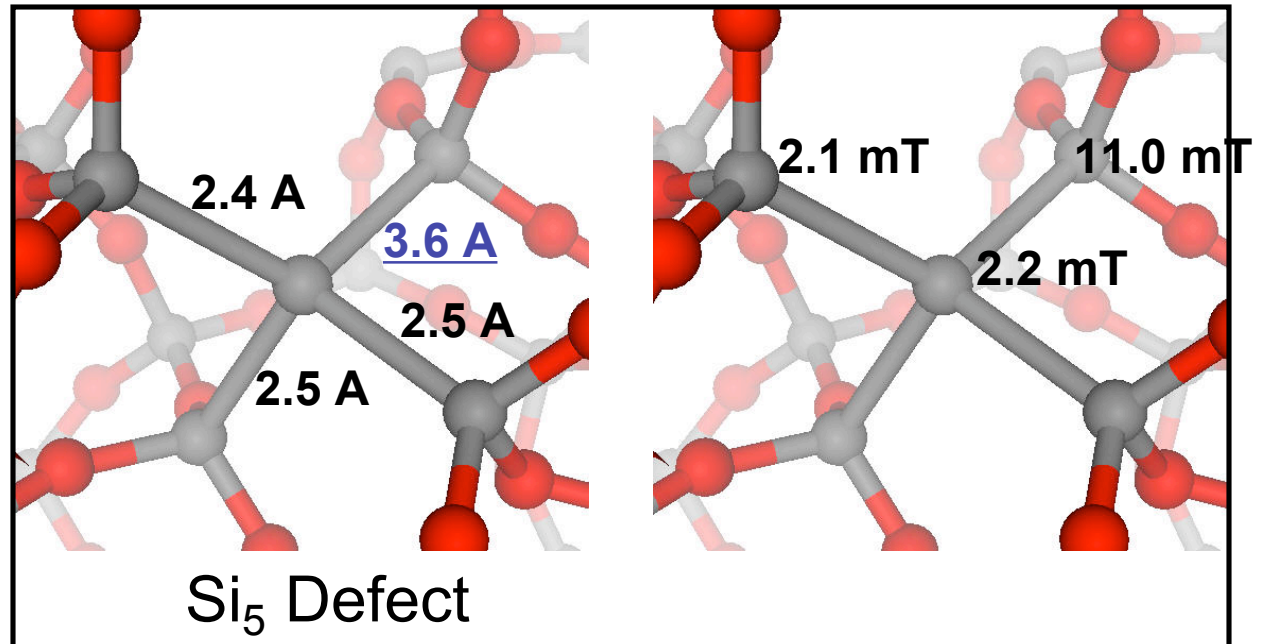
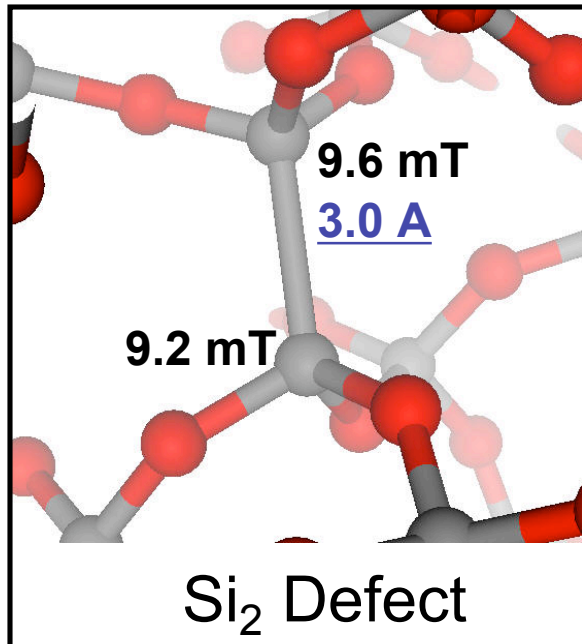
Isotropic Hyperfine Results



* Both Si_2 & Si_5 defects consistent with HF data

* Si_5 Defect has extra peak at 2 mT buried in central region

Atomic Structure



- Si₅ defect has one main HF active atom !
- Barrier for switching <0.6 eV

PREDICTION TO TEST: EPR AT LOW TEMPERATURE

Energy Cost/Gain to form O vacancy Clusters

- Quartz Results:

- $E(4V_o) = 4E(V_o) + 0.05 \text{ eV} / V_o$

- Amorphous Silica Average Results:

- $E(4V_o) = 4E(V_o) - 0.07 \text{ eV} / V_o$

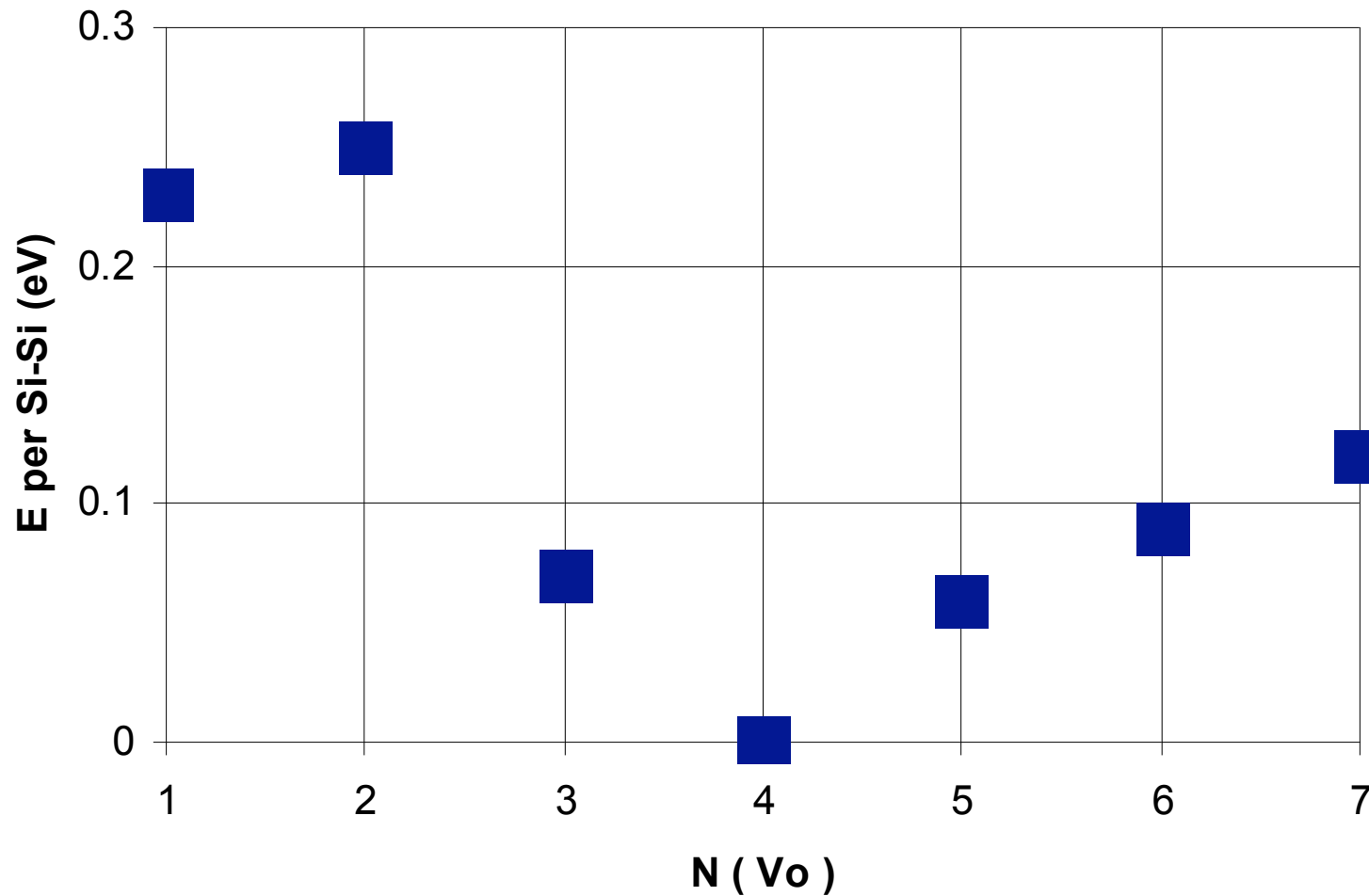
- Amorphous Silica Minimum Results:

- $E(4V_o, \text{Min}) = 4E(V_o, \text{ave}) - 0.32 \text{ eV} / V_o$

Energy Cost of Sub-Oxidation

A. Bongiorno and A. Pasquarello, Phys. Rev. B (2000).

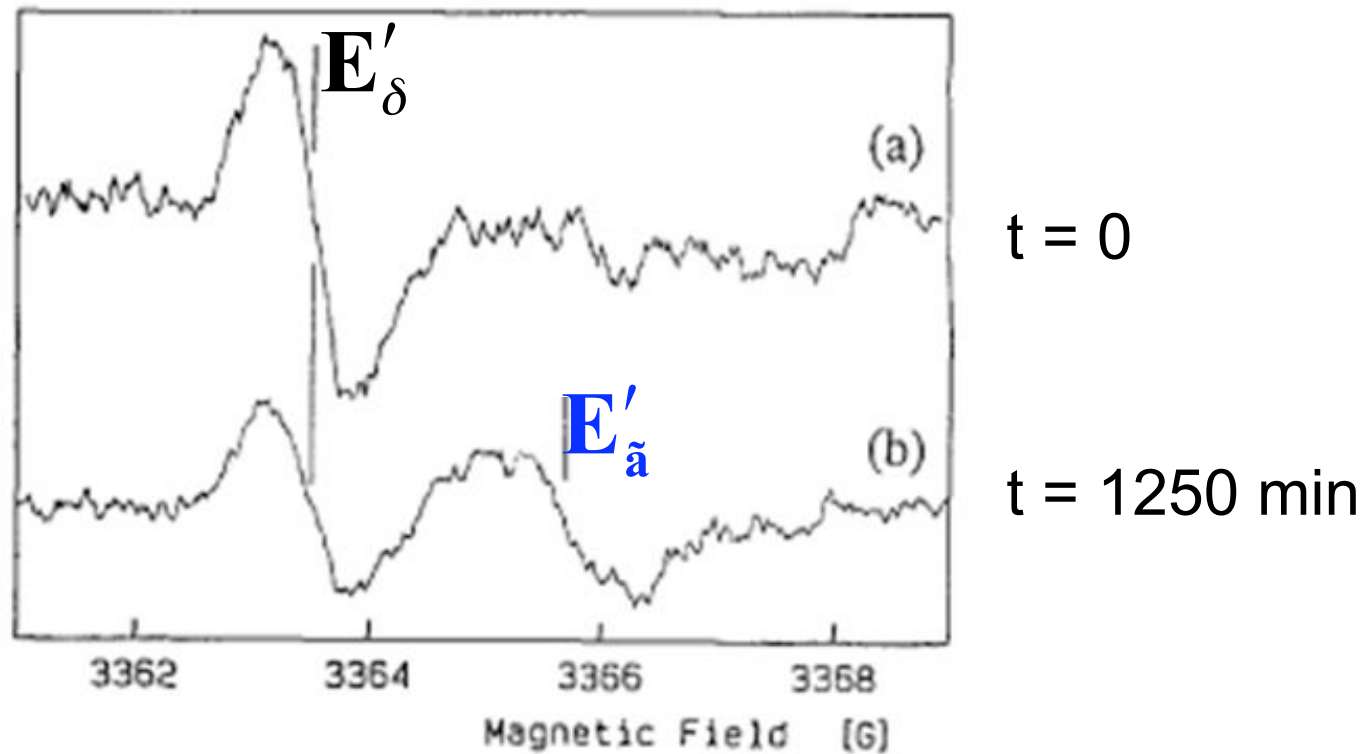
D. R. Hamann, Phys. Rev. B (2000).



ENERGY LEVELS OF Si_2 : 0.3-0.4 eV

ENERGY LEVELS OF Si_5 : 1-2 eV

ENERGY LEVELS OF $\mathbf{E}'_{\tilde{a}}$: 3-4 eV



CONCLUSIONS ABOUT O VACANCIES

- **Si₅ MODEL VIABLE FOR E'_ä ,**

BUT MUST BE TESTED FURTHER

- **LOW-TEMPERATURE EPR**
- **ENERGY LEVEL MEASUREMENTS**