



Modeling Total Ionizing Dose Effects in Deep Submicron Bulk CMOS Technologies

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Acknowledgements

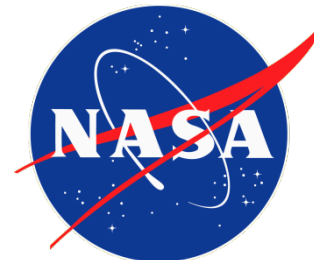


We would like to thank AFOSR and the MURI program



MURI

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Motivation



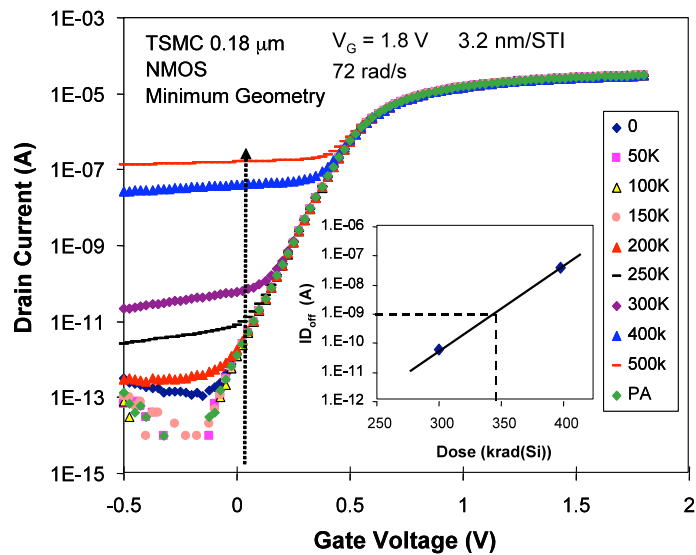
- **Characterize ionizing radiation damage effects in advanced bulk CMOS device technologies**
- **Develop multi-scale analytical modeling approaches for radiation damage that are:**
 - **scalable with technology and design parameters**
 - **capable of both short-term and long-term predictions of device performance**
 - **compatible with standard circuit simulators and compact models**

Previous Research - 2005

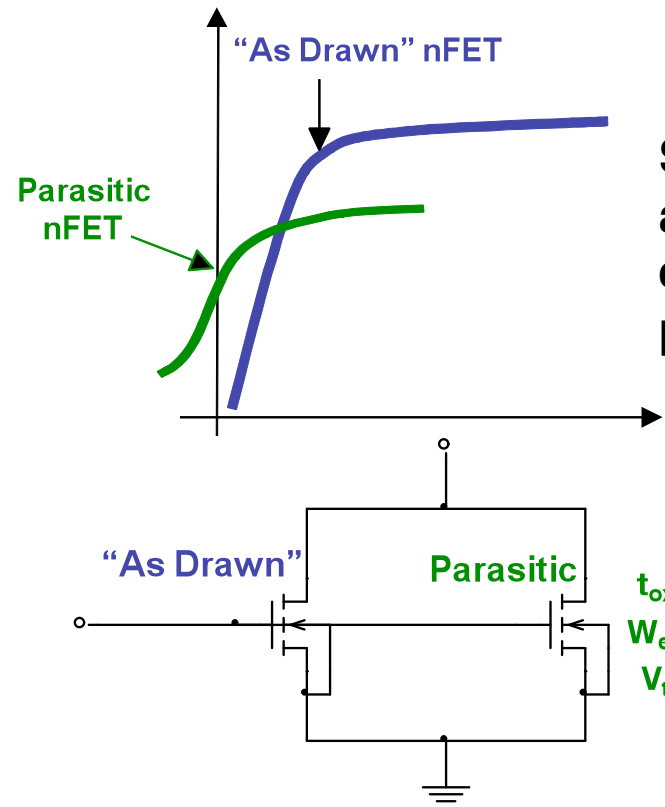


- “Device-level Radiation Effects Modeling”
Overview of numerical (TCAD) simulation approaches for modeling drain-source leakage in bulk CMOS devices

0.18 μm data



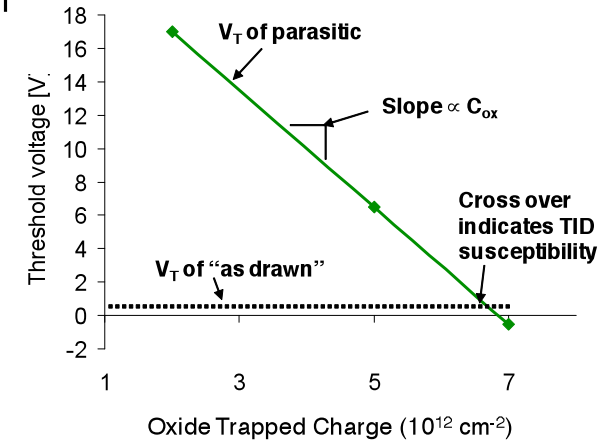
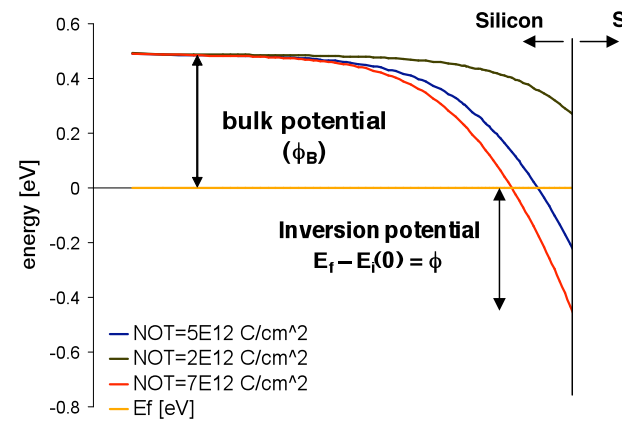
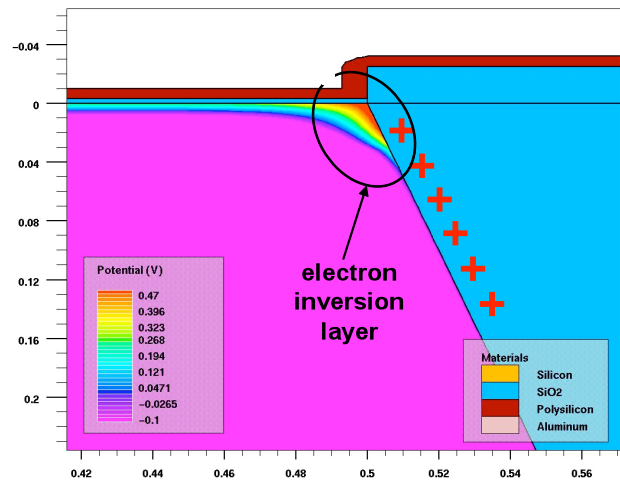
After Lacoé NSREC SC 2003



Previous Research - 2005

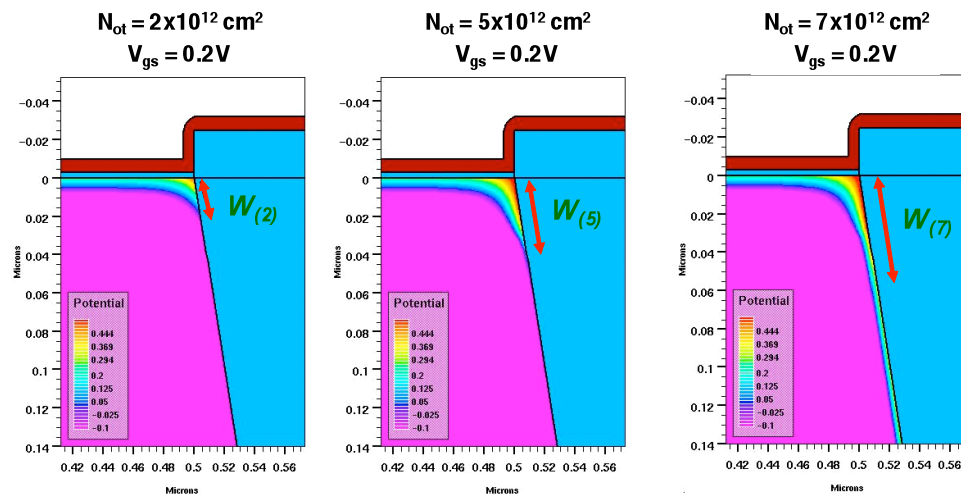


2D modeling approach for parameter extraction



Sheet charge added to STI creates inversion layer along sidewall

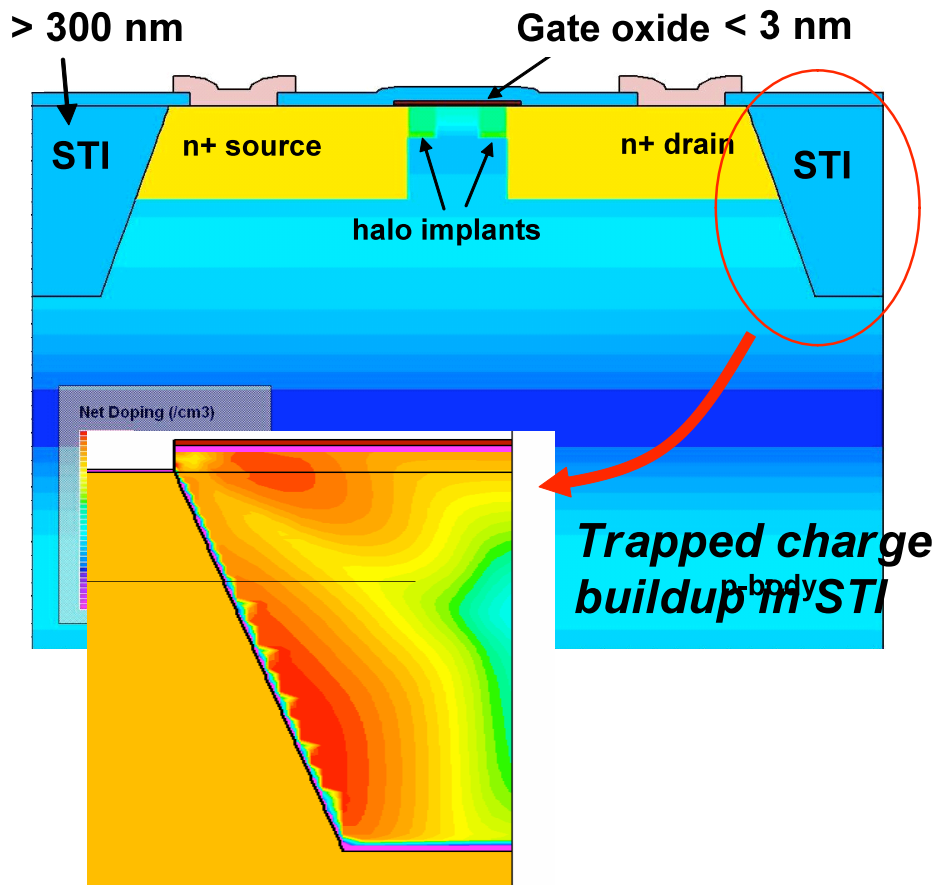
Analysis of surface potential shift along sidewall enable estimates of $V_{t'}$, $t_{ox'}$ and W_{eff}



Previous Research - 2005



Volumetric modeling of defect buildup in isolation oxide



Adapt Radiation Effects Module (REM) in Silvaco ATLAS to model volumetric distributions of charge buildup

Results used to evaluate 2D modeling approach

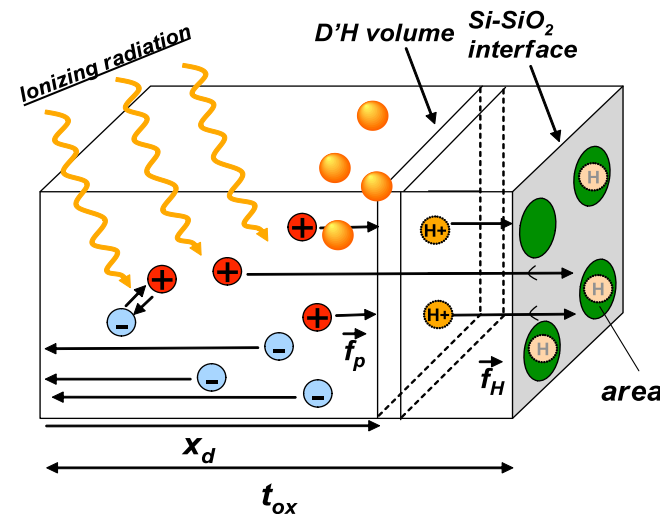
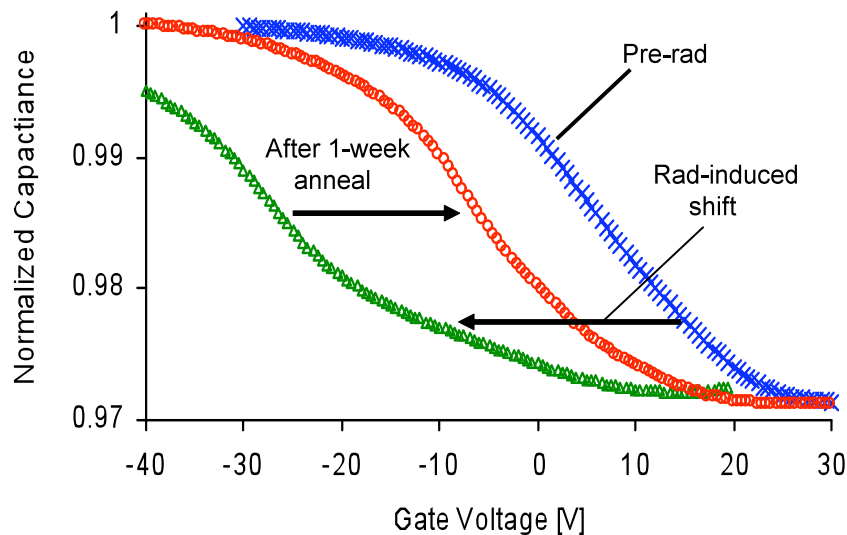
Conclusion: more accurate models required to capture effects

Previous Research - 2006



- “Total Ionizing Dose Effects in Bulk Technologies and Devices”

Characterize, parameterize TID effects. Formalize closed form analytical expressions for TID effects in devices (130nm CMOS).



$$\Delta N_{ot} \approx Dk_g f_y(\vec{\epsilon}) f_{ot}(\vec{\epsilon}) t_{ox}$$

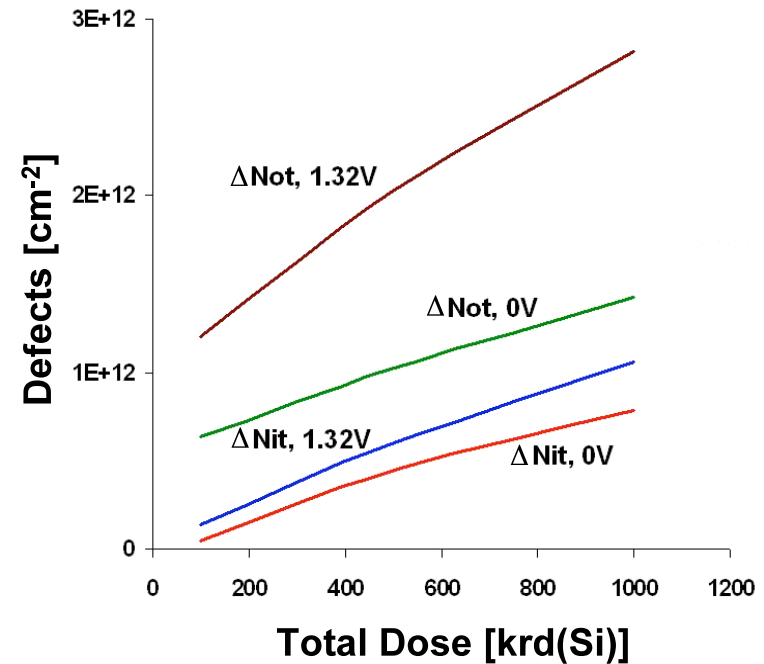
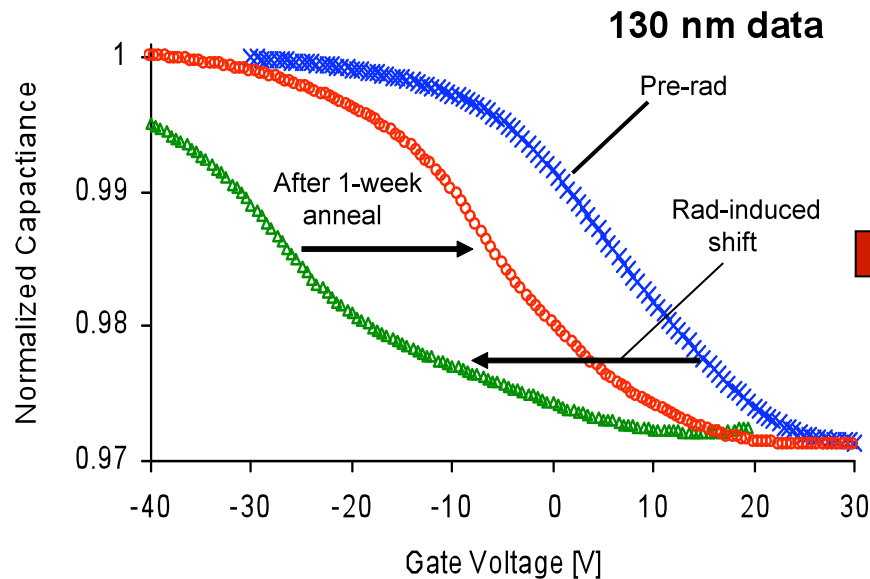
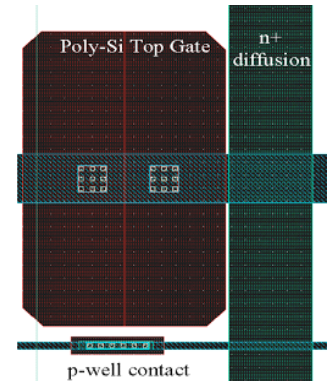
$$\Delta N_{it} \approx Dk_g f_y(\vec{\epsilon}) f_{DH} f_{it} t_{ox}$$

Previous Research - 2006



Experimental Characterization

Radiation testing on specialized structures
e.g., FOXCAPs, FOXFETs) enabled measurements
of defect buildup in 130 nm bulk CMOS



Previous Research - 2006



Analytical Model Development

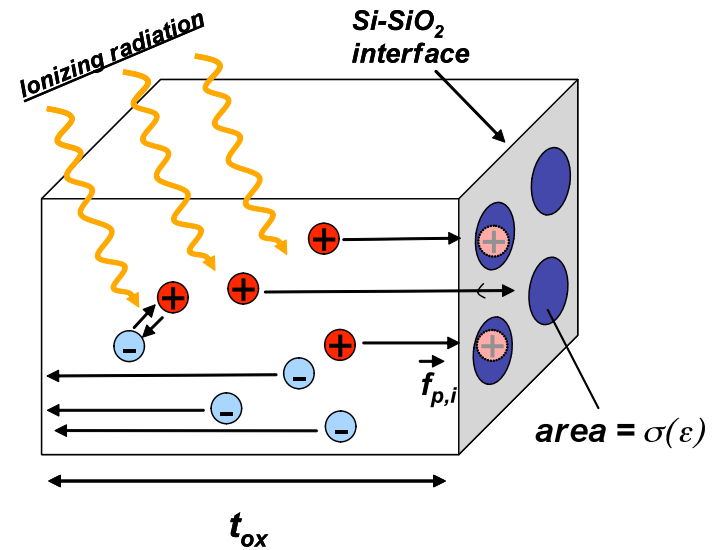
Models for defect buildup (N_{ot} and N_{it}) enable extraction of technology specific of TID parameters (e.g. f_{ot})

Core model eqs. for N_{ot}

$$\frac{\partial \mathbf{f}_p}{\partial \mathbf{x}} = \dot{D} \mathbf{k}_g \mathbf{f}_y - \frac{\partial \mathbf{p}}{\partial \mathbf{t}} \approx \dot{D} \mathbf{k}_g \mathbf{f}_y$$

$$\frac{\partial N_{ot}}{\partial \mathbf{t}} = (N_T - N_{ot}(\mathbf{t})) \sigma \mathbf{f}_p - \frac{N_{ot}(\mathbf{t})}{\tau} \approx N_T \sigma \mathbf{f}_{p,i}$$

$$\Delta N_{ot} = \underbrace{N_T \sigma}_{f_{ot}} \underbrace{\dot{D} \Delta \mathbf{t}}_D \mathbf{k}_g \mathbf{f}_y \mathbf{t}_{ox}$$

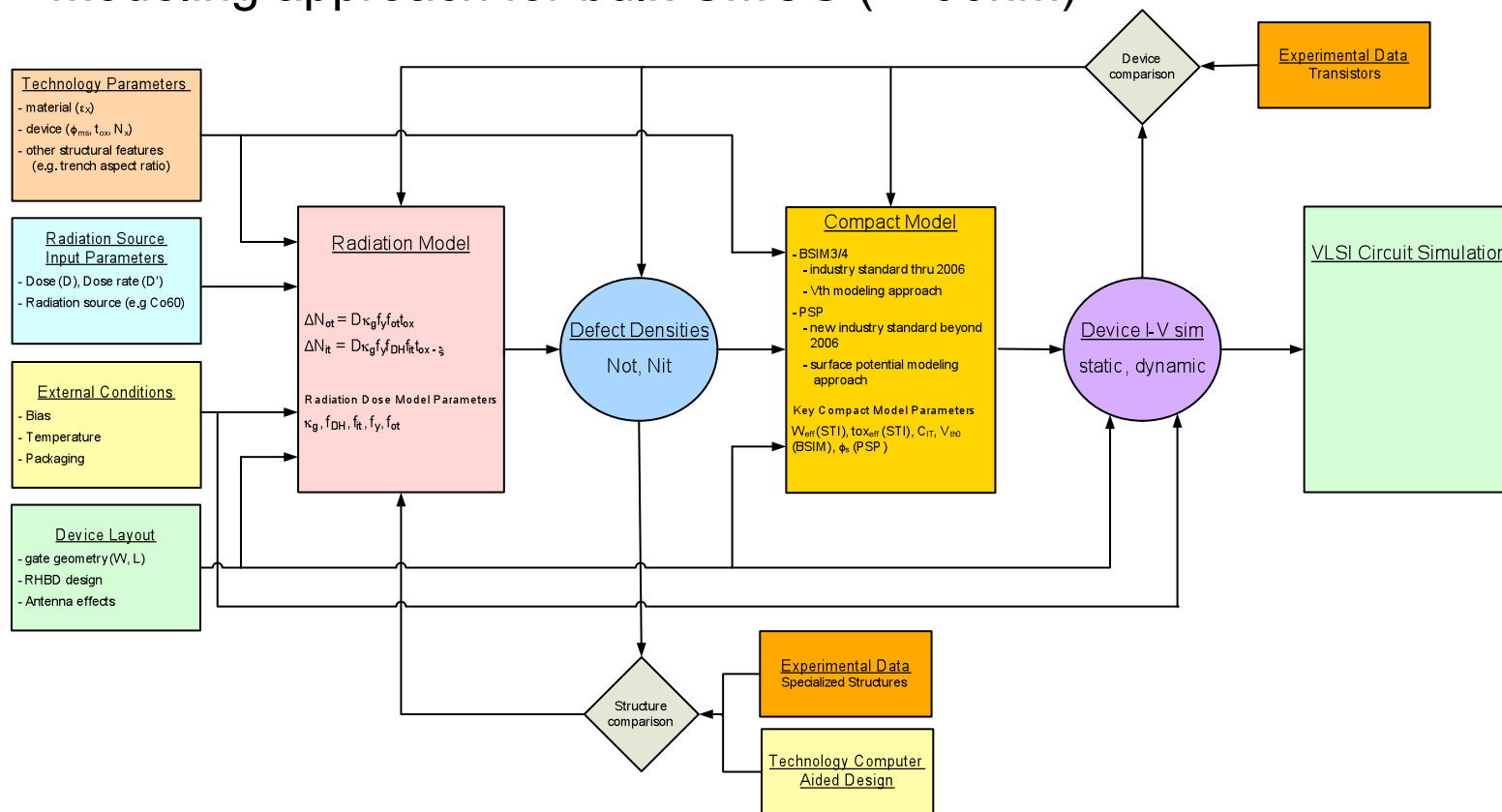


Similar models used to analytically model interface trap buildup

Previous Research - 2007



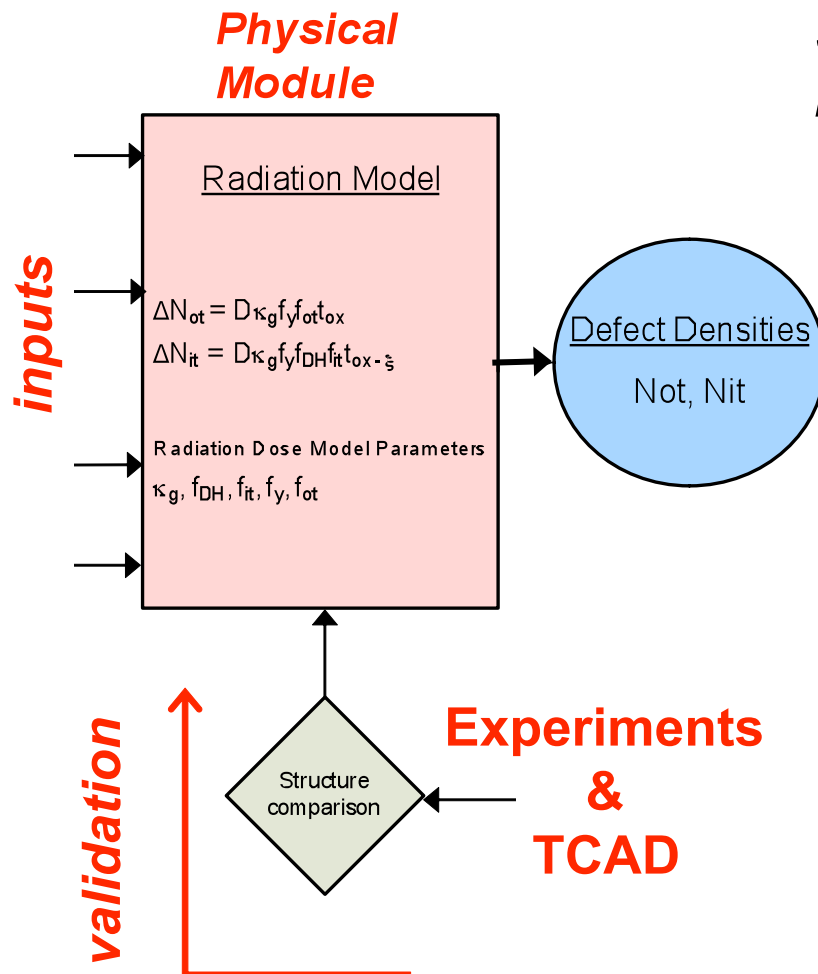
- “Modeling Total Ionizing Dose Effects in Deep Submicron Bulk and SOI CMOS technologies”
 - Description and initial validation of radiation-enabled compact modeling approach for bulk CMOS ($\geq 90\text{nm}$)



Previous Research - 2007



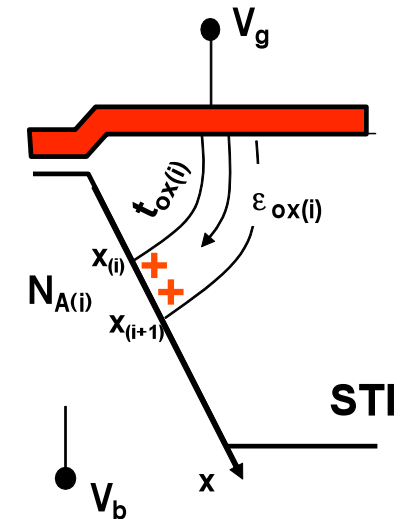
Radiation-enabled compact modeling (physical module)



Simple model extended to capture multiple parasitics along STI sidewall

Model captures:

$$N_{A(i)}, \phi_{MS(i)}, t_{ox(i)}, \epsilon_{ox(i)}, \text{ and } V_{gb}$$



Requires iterative e-field calculation

$$\vec{\epsilon}_{ox}(i) \approx \frac{V_{gb} - \phi_{ms}(i) - \psi_s(i)}{t_{ox}(i)} + \frac{qN_{ot}(x_i)}{\epsilon_{ox}}$$

Previous Research - 2007



Radiation-enabled compact modeling (surface potential)

Nit, Not
from phys.
mod.

$$\psi_s(x, y) = V_G - V_{FB}(x, \psi_s(x, y)) + Q_s(x, \psi_s(x, y))$$

$$V_{FB}(x, \psi_s(x, y)) = V_{FB0}(x) - \frac{qN_{ot}(x)}{C_{ox}(x)} + \frac{qN_{it}^{charged}(x, \psi_s(x, y))}{C_{ox}(x)}$$

$$Q_s(x, \psi_s(x, y)) = \gamma(x) \sqrt{\psi_s(x, y) + \phi_t \frac{n_i^2}{(N_A(x))^2} e^{\left(\frac{\psi_s(x, y) - V(y)}{\phi_t}\right)}}$$

$\psi_s(x, y)$

Surface potential information used for I-V calculations of device response

Previous Research - 2008



- “Surface potential-based analytical modeling of TID effects in CMOS devices”

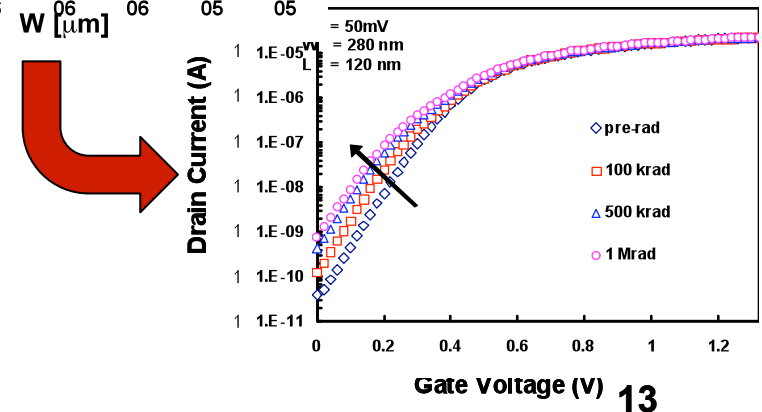
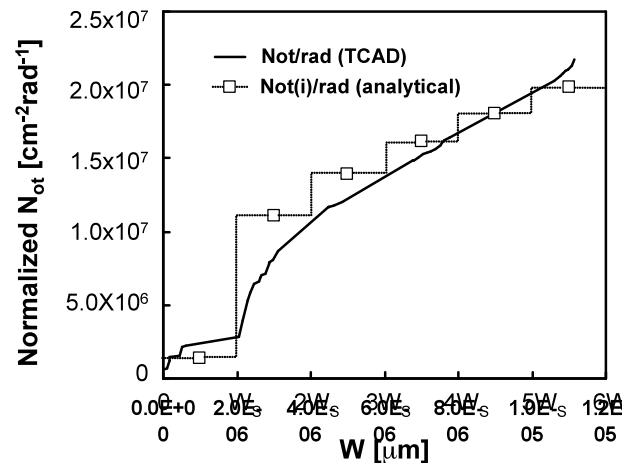
Closed form analytical models fit to degraded I-V characteristics in nFETs

$$t_{ox}(i)$$

$$\varepsilon_{ox}(i) \approx \frac{V_{gb}}{t_{ox}(i)}$$

$$f_y(i) \approx \frac{\varepsilon_{ox}(i)}{\varepsilon_{ox}(i) + \varepsilon_0}$$

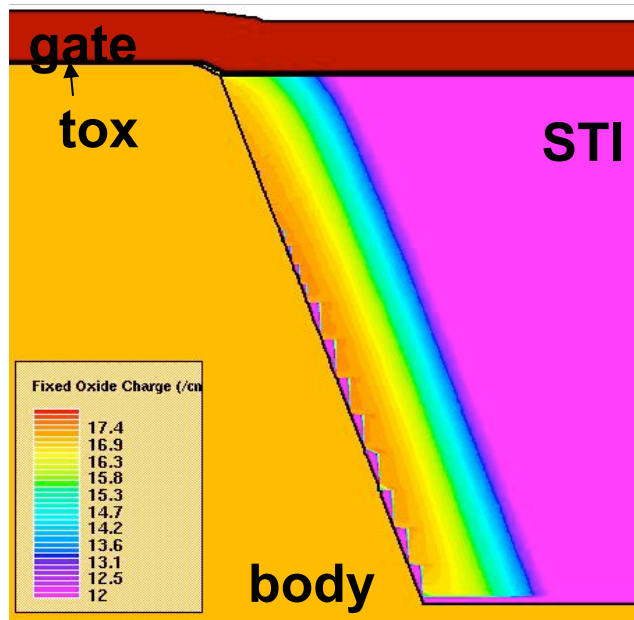
$$\Delta N_{ot}(i) \approx N_T \sigma D g_o f_y(i) t_{ox}(i)$$



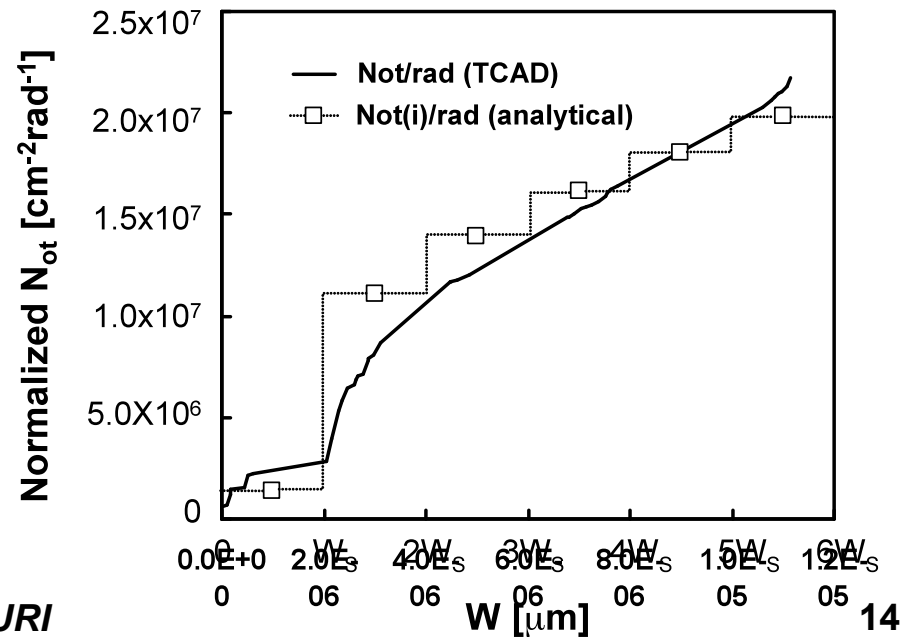
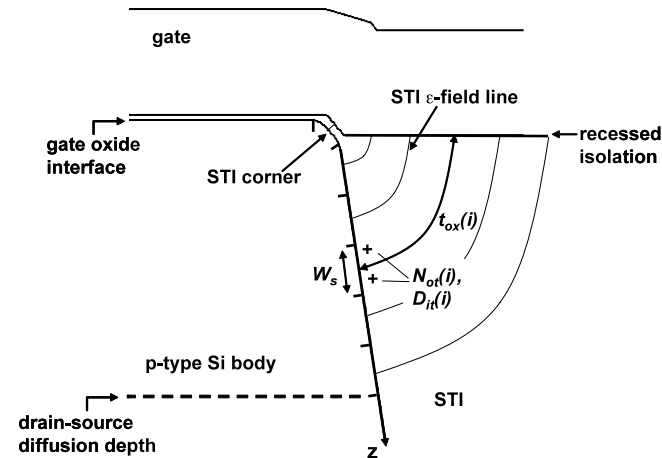
Previous Research - 2008



Analytical model for Not buildup calibrated to TCAD



2-D device simulations with REM calculate N_{ot} buildup (precursors set near sidewall)



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Previous Research - 2008



Compact modeling with surface potential equations

Equations for surface potential :

$$(V_g - \phi_{ms} + \phi_{nt} - \psi_s)^2 = \gamma^2 \cdot \phi_t H(u)$$

$$\phi_{nt} = \frac{q}{C_{ox}} [N_{ot} - D_{it} (\psi_s - \phi_b)]$$

(After C. McAndrew, TED, 2002)

$$H(u, \phi_n) = e^{-u} + u - 1 + e^{-\beta(2\phi_b + \phi_n)} (e^u - u - 1)$$

Drift/diffusion currents:

$$I_{drift} = \left[V_g - \phi_{ms} + \phi_{nt} \right] (\psi_{sd} - \psi_{ss}) - \frac{1}{2} (\psi_{sd}^2 - \psi_{ss}^2) - \frac{2\gamma}{3} \left[(\psi_{sd} - \phi_t)^{3/2} - (\psi_{ss} - \phi_t)^{3/2} \right]$$

Model Parameters

- V_g - gate voltage
- ψ_s - surface potential
- H - normalized field
- γ - bulk parameter
- ϕ_{ms} - workfunction difference

$$I_{diff} = \phi_t \left[(\psi_{sd} - \psi_{ss}) - \gamma \left(\sqrt{\psi_{sd} - \phi_t} - \sqrt{\psi_{ss} - \phi_t} \right) \right]$$

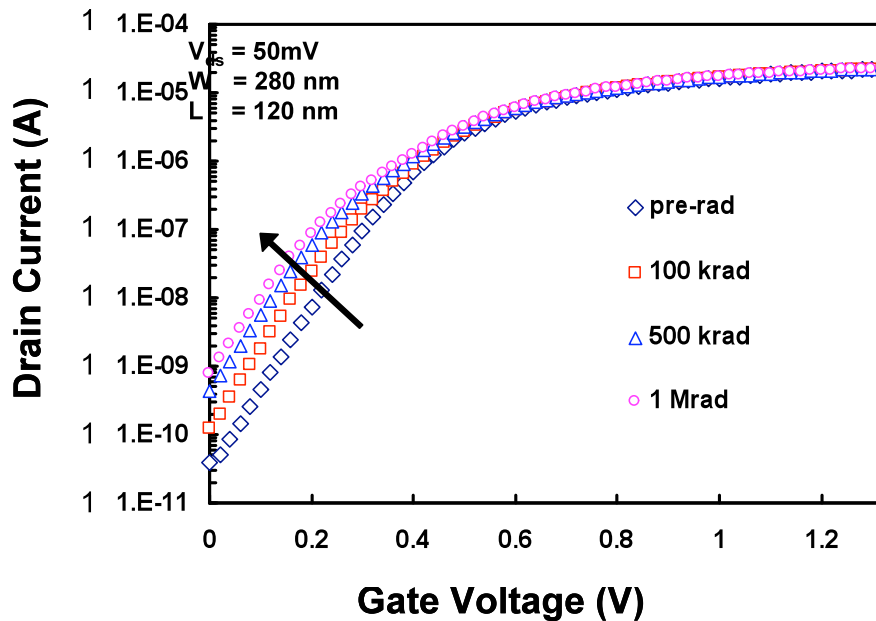
Equations solved iteratively with MATLAB

Previous Research - 2008

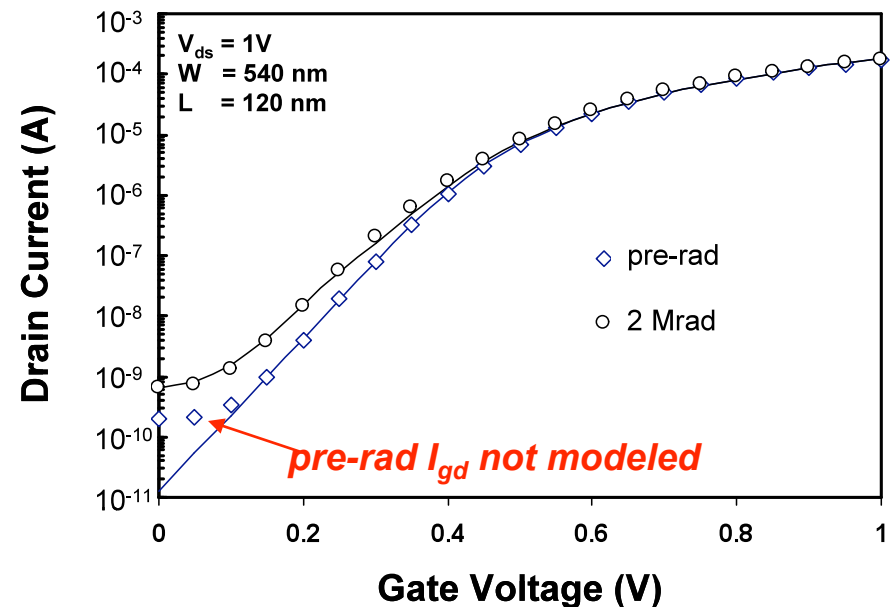


Comparison of data and model

130 nm data



90 nm data



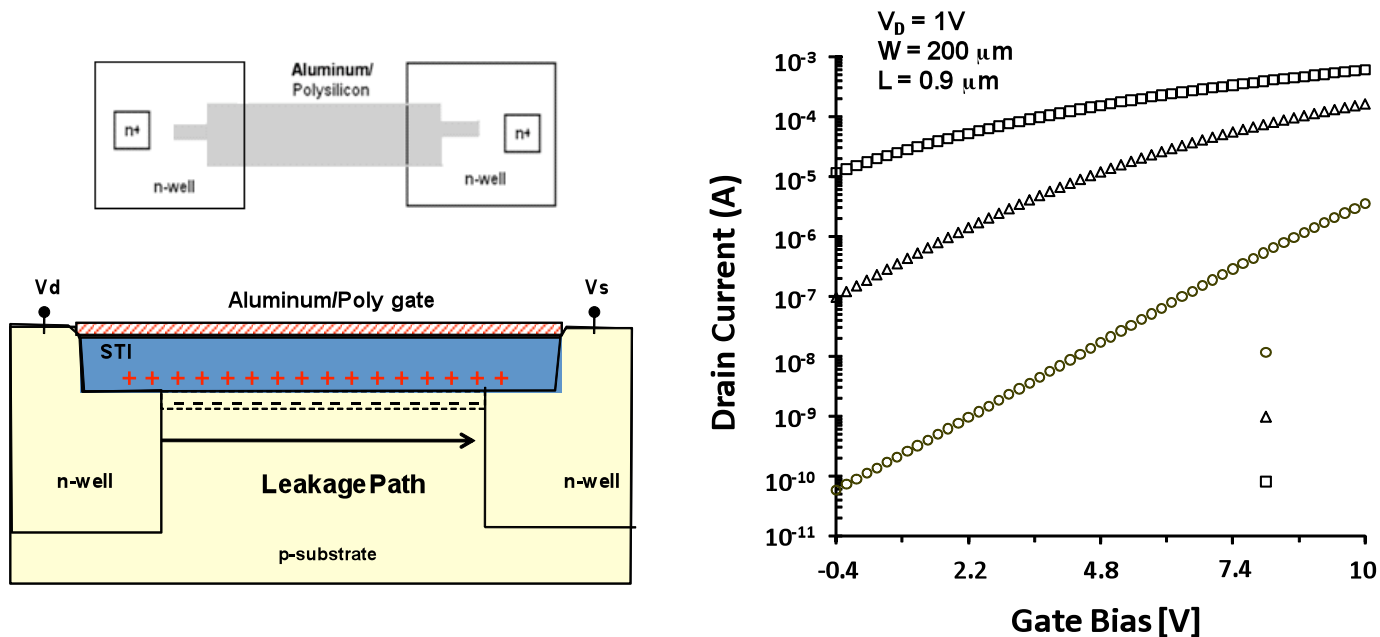
Comparison of measured pre- and post-irradiation data (symbols) with modeled radiation response characteristics (solid lines) for single stripe nFETs in 130 and 90 nm technologies

Previous Research - 2009



- “Modeling Total Ionizing Dose Effects in Deep Submicron CMOS Technologies ”

Revised analytical model for TID defect buildup compared to FOXFET I-V and TCAD simulations



Previous Research - 2009



SP equations fit to FOXFET data

$$I_{Drift} = (V_{gb} - V_{fb})(\psi_{sd} - \psi_{ss}) - \frac{1}{2}(\psi_{sd}^2 - \psi_{ss}^2) - 2\frac{Y}{3}[(\psi_{sd} - \phi_t)^{3/2} - (\psi_{ss} - \phi_t)^{3/2}]$$

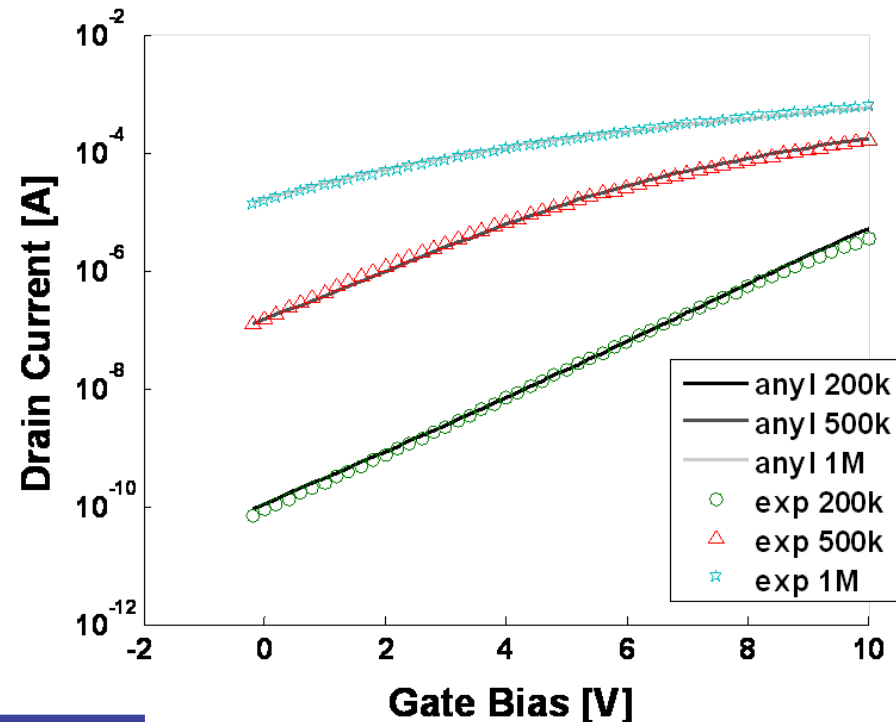
$$I_{Diff} = \phi_t \left(\psi_{sd} - \psi_{ss} + Y \left(\sqrt{\psi_{sd} - \phi_t} - \sqrt{\psi_{ss} - \phi_t} \right) \right)$$

$$(V_{gb} - \phi_{ms} + \phi_{nt} - \psi_s)^2 = Y^2 \cdot \phi_t H(u)$$

$$\phi_{nt} = \frac{q}{C_{ox}} (N_{ot} - D_{it} \cdot (\psi_s - \phi_b))$$

Fit w/ analytical model

| Dose [krad(Si)] | N_{ot} (cm ⁻²) | D_{it} (cm ⁻² /V) |
|-----------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 200 | 1.92x10 ¹² | 2.6x10 ¹¹ |
| 500 | 2.39x10 ¹² | 6.0x10 ¹¹ |
| 1000 | 2.75x10 ¹² | 8.0x10 ¹¹ |



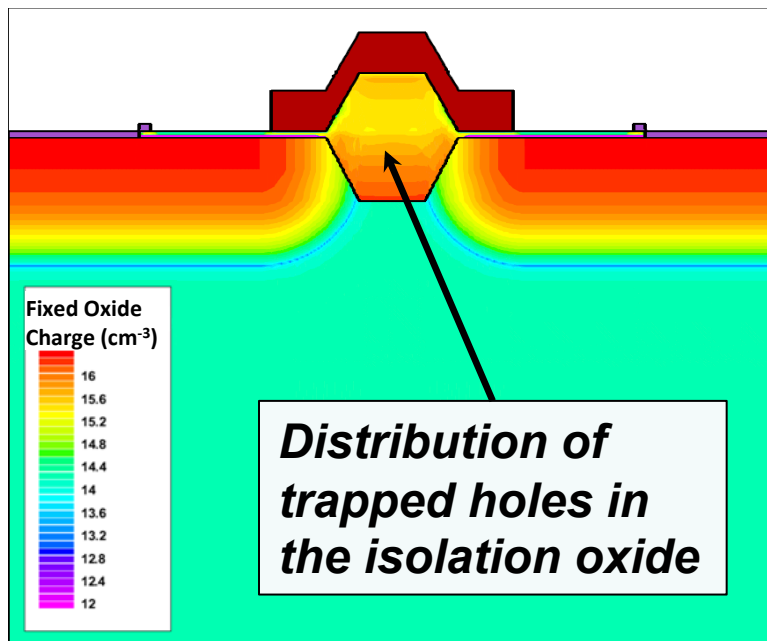
Fit based on approximations for oxide thickness, body doping, workfunction, etc.

Previous Research - 2009

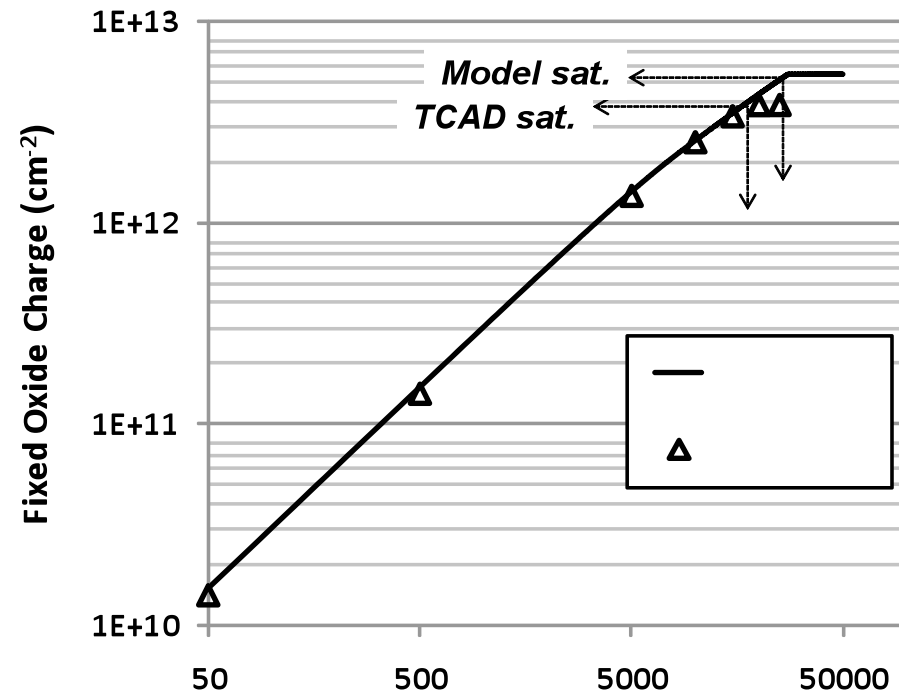


TCAD model validation

TCAD simulations with REM models trapped charge buildup at specified dose in FOXFET



(after Barnaby et al., TCAS I 2009)



Analytical model compares well to physically-based numerical simulations



Recent Work (2010)

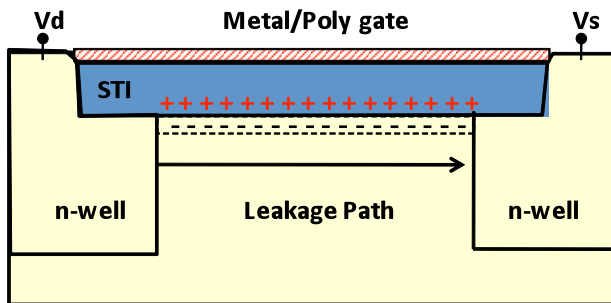
- **Refinement of PSP model for model of TID effects on bulk CMOS isolations oxides**

Bulk CMOS - Experimental Details

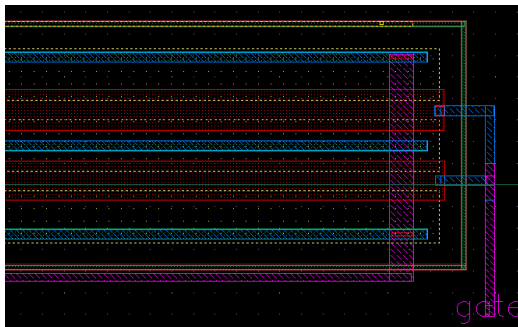


90 nm low-standby power (LSP)
nwell-nwell poly-gate FOXFETS
 $L = 1.5 \mu\text{m}$, $W = 200 \mu\text{m}$

FOXFET cross-section



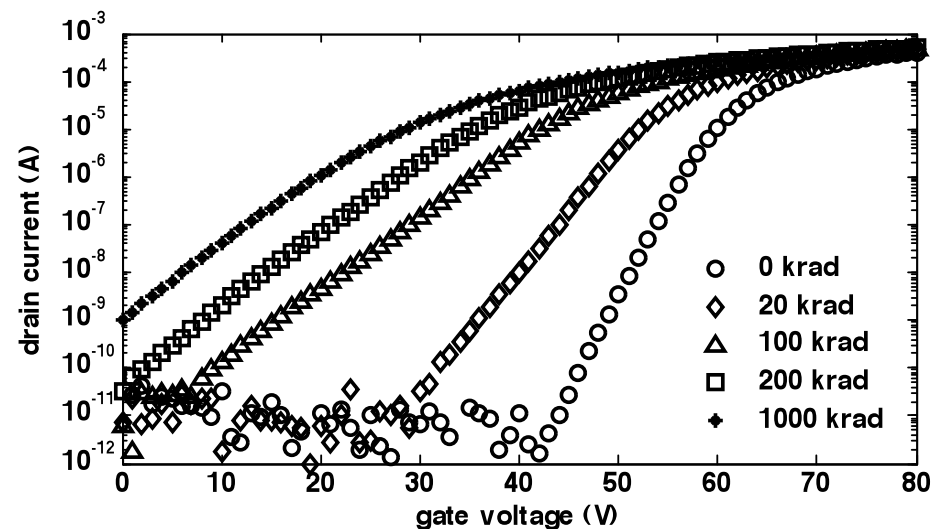
FOXFET layout



Fabrication support from ISI

Irradiation Tests

- ^{60}Co gamma chamber
- dose rate = $1200 \text{ rad}(\text{SiO}_2)/\text{min}$
- worst-case biasing conditions
(gate voltage $V_g = V_{dd}$ other terminals grounded).



Bulk CMOS – Defect Extraction

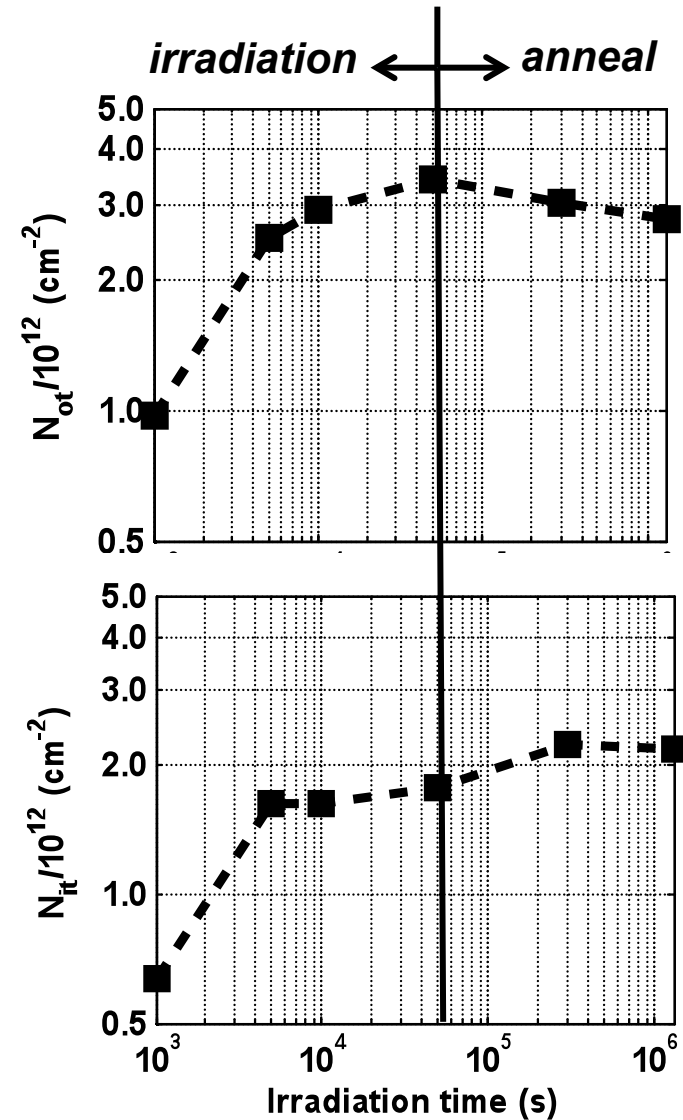


McWhorter-Winokur technique
used to extract defect buildup
from experimental data

$$\Delta N_{ot} = - \frac{C_{ox} \Delta V_{mg}}{q}$$

$$\Delta N_{it} = \frac{C_{ox} (\Delta V_{inv} - \Delta V_{mg})}{q}$$

after P. S. Winokur, et al., TNS 1984.



RE-PSP model for bulk CMOS



First order SP model

$$\left. \begin{aligned} (V_g - \phi_{ms} + \phi_{nt} - \psi_s)^2 &= \gamma^2 \cdot \phi_t H(u) \\ \phi_{nt} &= \frac{q}{C_{ox}} [N_{ot} - D_{it} (\psi_s - \phi_b)] \end{aligned} \right\}$$

Model not compatible w/ PSP's standard form equation

$$(V_g - V_{FB} - \xi \psi_s)^2 = \gamma^2 \phi_t H(\beta \psi_s)$$

Model refinements for PSP implementation

$$\left\{ V_g - \left[\overbrace{\phi_{ms} - \frac{q}{C_{ox}} (N_{ot} + D_{it} \phi_b)}^{V_{FB}} \right] - \xi \psi_s \right\}^2 = \gamma^2 \cdot \phi_t H(u), \quad \xi = 1 + \frac{q}{C_{ox}} D_{it}$$

$$V_g^* = V_g / \xi$$

$$V_{FB}^* = V_{FB} / \xi$$

$$\gamma^* = \gamma / \xi$$

$$(V_g^* - V_{FB}^* - \psi_s)^2 = (\gamma^*)^2 \phi_t H(\beta \psi_s)$$

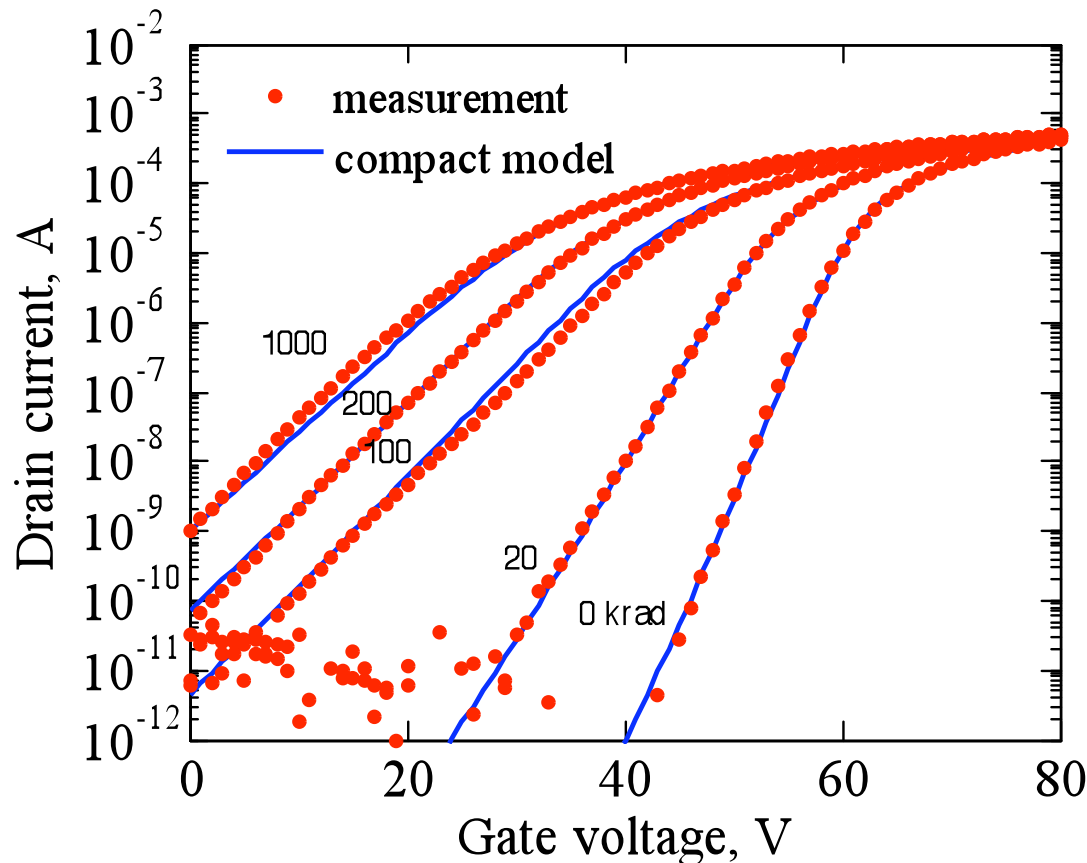
Revised formulation fully PSP compatible!

RE-PSP model for bulk CMOS



PSP model uses symmetric linearization

$$(I_{ds} = \frac{W}{L} \mu_{eff} C_{ox} (q_{im} + \alpha_m \phi_t) \Delta\psi) \text{ to fit data}$$



- fits DC data over exposure range
- incorporation into PSP supports capture of secondary effects, e.g., small-geometry effects, mobility degradation

Work to be presented at 2010 NSREC

Conclusions

- **Multi-scale models of TID effects in deep sub-micron bulk CMOS require defect buildup and surface potential modeling approaches compatible with standard circuit simulators**
- **Well known basic mechanisms (e.g charge yield and trapping efficiency) can be applied to analytically model defect buildup in specific technologies as function of environmental inputs**
- **Defect calculations incorporated in industry standard compact models (e.g. PSP) enable prediction of device and circuit response**

Journal Publications



- **I. S. Esqueda**, H. J. Barnaby, **M. L. McLain**, P. C. Adell, F. E. Mamouni, S. K. Dixit, R. D. Schrimpf, W. Xiong, “Modeling the Radiation Response of Fully-Depleted SOI n-Channel MOSFETs,” *IEEE Trans. on Nuclear Science*, vol. 56, no. 4, pp. 2247 - 2250, 2009.
- H. J. Barnaby, **M. L. McLain**, **I. S. Esqueda**, **X. J. Chen**, “Modeling Ionizing Radiation Effects in Solid State Materials and CMOS Devices,” *IEEE Trans. on Circuits and Systems – I: Regular Papers*, vol. 56, no. 8, pp. 1870 – 1883, 2009
- **M. McLain**, H. J. Barnaby, K. E. Holbert, R. D. Schrimpf, **H. Shah**, A. Amort, M. Baze, J. Wert, “Enhanced TID susceptibility in sub-100 nm Bulk CMOS I/O transistors and circuits,” *IEEE Trans. on Nuclear Science*, vol. 54, pp. 2210 - 2217, 2007.
- P. C. Adell, H. J. Barnaby, R.D. Schrimpf, B. Vermeire, “Band-to-band tunneling (BBT) induced leakage current enhancement in irradiated fully depleted SOI devices,” *IEEE Trans. on Nuclear Science*, vol. 54, pp. 2174 - 2180, 2007.
- H. J. Barnaby, **M. McLain**, **I. S. Esqueda**, “Total-ionizing-dose effects on isolation oxides in modern CMOS technologies,” *Nuclear Instruments and Methods in Physics Research B* 261 (2007) 1142–1145.
- H. Barnaby, “Total-ionizing-dose effects in modern CMOS technologies,” *IEEE Trans. on Nuclear Science*, vol. 53, pp. 3103-3121, 2006 (*review article*).
- **I. S. Esqueda**, H.J. Barnaby, M. L. Alles, “Two-dimensional methodology for modeling radiation-induced off-state leakage in CMOS technologies,” *IEEE Trans. on Nuclear Science*, vol. 52, pp. 2259-2264, 2005.

Conference Presentations

- **M. L. McLain**, H. J. Barnaby, **I.S. Esqueda**, **J. Oder**, B. Vermeire, "Reliability of high performance standard two-edge and radiation hardened by design enclosed geometry transistors," *2009 IEEE International Reliability Physics Symposium Proceedings*, April 26-30 2009, pp. 174 – 179.
- H. J. Barnaby, **M. L. McLain**, **I. S. Esqueda**, and **X. J. Chen**, "Modeling Ionizing Radiation Effects in Solid State Materials and CMOS Devices," *IEEE Custom Integrated Circuits Conference (CICC)*, September 2008, pp. 273 – 280.
- **M. L. McLain**, H. J. Barnaby, P. C. Adell, "Analytical model of the radiation response in FDSOI MOSFETs," *2008 IEEE International Reliability Physics Symposium Proceedings*, April 2008, pp. 643 - 644.
- **I. S. Esqueda**, H. J. Barnaby, F. E. Mamouni, R. D. Schrimpf, "Modeling of Ionizing Radiation-Induced Degradation in Multiple Gate Field Effect Transistors," *2009 RADECS*, Brugge, Belgium, September 2009.
- **I. S. Esqueda**, H. J. Barnaby, **M. L. McLain**, P. C. Adell, F. E. Mamouni, S. K. Dixit, R. D. Schrimpf, W. Xiong, "Modeling the Radiation Response of Fully-Depleted SOI n-Channel MOSFETs," *IEEE Nuclear and Space Radiation Effects Conf.*, Quebec City, CA., July 2009.
- **M. L. McLain**, H. J. Barnaby, K. E. Holbert, "Modeling Ionizing Radiation Effects in Shallow Trench Isolation Field Oxide FETs," *IEEE Nuclear and Space Radiation Effects Conf.*, Quebec City, CA., July 2009.
- G.K. Siddhartha, H. J. Barnaby, B. Vermeire, "Single Event Transients in Switched Capacitor Circuits," *Single Event Effects Symposium*, Long Beach, CA, April, 2009.
- **M. L. McLain**, H. J. Barnaby, H. L. Hughes, P. J. McMarr, "Effects of Channel Implant Variation on Radiation-Induced Edge Leakage Currents in n-Channel MOSFETs," *Radiation Technology Conference (HEART)*, Albuquerque, March 2009.
- **I. S. Esqueda**, H. J. Barnaby, **M. L. McLain**, P. C. Adell, F. Mamouni, S. K. Dixit, R. D. Schrimpf, X. Wade, "Modeling the Radiation Response of Fully-Depleted SOI n-MOSFETs," to be presented at the *2008 RADECS Workshop*, Jyväskylä, Finland, September 2008.
- **M. L. McLain**, H. J. Barnaby, K. E. Holbert, L. T. Clark, "Radiation Induced Inter-Device Leakage Current in 90 nm Bulk CMOS Devices and Circuits," *IEEE Nuclear and Space Radiation Effects Conf.*, Tucson, Az., July 2008.
- **M. McLain**, H. J. Barnaby, K. Holbert, M. Baze, A. Amort, J. Wert, "Gate width effects on the radiation response of sub-100 nm bulk CMOS two-edge transistors," *Hardened Electronics and Radiation Technology Conference (HEART)*, Colorado Springs, March 2008.
- H. J. Barnaby, B. Vermeire, P. Adell, "Radiation Effects Issues for SOI in Next Generation SRAM-based FPGAs," *Military and Aerospace FPGA and Applications (MAFA) Meeting*, Palm Beach, FL, November 2007.
- **M. McLain**, H. J. Barnaby, K. E. Holbert, R. D. Schrimpf, **H. Shah**, A. Amort, M. Baze, J. Wert, "Enhanced TID Susceptibility in Sub-100 nm Bulk CMOS I/O Transistors and Circuits," *IEEE Nuclear and Space Radiation Effects Conf.*, Honolulu, Hawaii, July 2007.
- P. C. Adell, H. J. Barnaby, R.D. Schrimpf, B. Vermeire, "Band-to-Band Tunneling (BBT) Induced Leakage Current Enhancement in Irradiated Fully Depleted SOI Devices," *IEEE Nuclear and Space Radiation Effects Conf.*, Honolulu, Hawaii, July 2007.
- H. J. Barnaby, **M. McLain**, **H. Shah**, B. Vermeire, E. Mikkola, "Radiation-enabled predictive technology modeling approaches for deep-submicron CMOS integrated circuit design," *Microelectronics Reliability and Qualification Workshop*, Los Angeles, CA, December 2006.
- **M. McLain**, **I. Esqueda**, H. J. Barnaby, K. E. Holbert, "Characterization of the Radiation Response in 130 nm Shallow Trench Isolation (STI) Oxides," *2006 RADECS Workshop*, Athens, Greece, September, 2006.
- H. Barnaby, **M. McLain**, **I. Esqueda**, "Total-Ionizing-Dose Effects in Modern CMOS Technologies," *CAARI 2006: 19th International Conference on the Application of Accelerators in Research and Industry*, Fort Worth, TX, August, 2006.
- **I. S. Esqueda**, H.J. Barnaby, M. L. Alles, "Two-dimensional methodology for modeling radiation-induced off-state leakage in CMOS technologies," *2005 Nuclear and Space Radiation Effects Conf.*, Seattle, WA, July 2005.